Department of Computer Science and Engineering
The University of Texas at Arlington

TMMS

Team: TK Force

Team Members:
Richard Sherrill
David Odhiambo
Huadong Feng
Robert Castillo

Last Updated: 7/28/13
Table of Contents

Table of Contents........................................................................................................................................2
Document Revision History ..........................................................................................................................5
List of Figures ..............................................................................................................................................6
List of Tables .............................................................................................................................................7
1. Product Concept.....................................................................................................................................8
   1.1 Purpose and Use .................................................................................................................................8
   1.2 Intended Audience ............................................................................................................................8
2. Product Description and Functional Overview ......................................................................................9
   2.1 Features and Functions .....................................................................................................................9
   2.2 External Inputs and Outputs .............................................................................................................9
   2.3 Product Interfaces ............................................................................................................................10
3. Customer Requirements .......................................................................................................................14
   3.1 Audience Display ...........................................................................................................................14
   3.2 Start Screen ....................................................................................................................................14
   3.3 Control Panel ..................................................................................................................................14
   3.4 Match Setup ...................................................................................................................................15
   3.5 Test Mode .......................................................................................................................................15
   3.6 Equipment Hit Detection ................................................................................................................15
   3.7 Health Calculations .........................................................................................................................15
   3.8 Penalties .........................................................................................................................................16
   3.9 Score Modifiers ...............................................................................................................................16
   3.10 Equipment Parts On/Off .................................................................................................................16
   3.11 Match Log .....................................................................................................................................17
   3.12 Administrator Display ..................................................................................................................17
4. Packaging Requirements .....................................................................................................................18
   4.1 Software ..........................................................................................................................................18
   4.2 User Manual ...................................................................................................................................18
5. Performance Requirements ..................................................................................................................19
## 5. System Requirements

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Requirement</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5.1</td>
<td>Start Program</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.2</td>
<td>Life-bar Deduction Response</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.3</td>
<td>Recording Log</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.4</td>
<td>Response to Button Click</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.5</td>
<td>Processing Force Data</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## 6. Safety Requirements

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Requirement</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## 7. Maintenance and Support Requirements

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Requirement</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>7.1</td>
<td>Source Code</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.2</td>
<td>Software Modularity</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.3</td>
<td>Installing/Set up Product</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.4</td>
<td>User Manual</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## 8. Other Requirements

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Requirement</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>8.1</td>
<td>Store Contestant Information</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.2</td>
<td>Store Match Events</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.3</td>
<td>Store Country information</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.4</td>
<td>Store Match Statistics</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.5</td>
<td>Calibration</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## 9. Acceptance Criteria

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Requirement</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>9.1</td>
<td>Verify that the system displays the audience screen</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.2</td>
<td>Verify that the system runs in real time</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.3</td>
<td>Verify that the system saves data for Log</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.4</td>
<td>Verify that the system is user friendly</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.5</td>
<td>Verify that the system is accurately recording force</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## 10. Use Cases

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Requirement</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>10.1</td>
<td>Match Use Cases</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10.2</td>
<td>Modification Use Cases</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10.3</td>
<td>View Use Cases</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## 11. Feasibility Assessment

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Requirement</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>11.1</td>
<td>Scope Analysis</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11.2</td>
<td>Research</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11.3</td>
<td>Technical Analysis</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11.4</td>
<td>Cost Analysis</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Document Revision History

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Revision Number</th>
<th>Revision Date</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Rationale</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0.1</td>
<td>7/8/13</td>
<td>SRS First Draft</td>
<td>Compiled all team member sections</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.2</td>
<td>7/18/13</td>
<td>SRS Second Draft</td>
<td>Integrate revisions from TK Force</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.0</td>
<td>7/20/13</td>
<td>Gate Review</td>
<td>Integrated peer revisions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.0</td>
<td>7/28/13</td>
<td>SRS Baseline</td>
<td>Integrated Gate Review changes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## List of Figures

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Figure #</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Page #</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Figure 1-1:</td>
<td>Conceptual Drawing</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Figure 2-1:</td>
<td>T.M.M.S. Data Flow</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Figure 2-2:</td>
<td>Administrator display for Game Setup</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Figure 2-3:</td>
<td>Administrator display for Game Control</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Figure 2-4:</td>
<td>Audience Display</td>
<td>13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Figure 10-1:</td>
<td>Match Subsystem</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Figure 10-2:</td>
<td>Modification Subsystem</td>
<td>31</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Figure 10-3:</td>
<td>View Subsystem</td>
<td>32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Figure #</td>
<td>Title</td>
<td>Page #</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------------</td>
<td>--------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Table 2-1</td>
<td>External Inputs and Outputs</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Table 9-1</td>
<td>Audience Screen Verification</td>
<td>26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Table 9-2</td>
<td>Real Time Verification</td>
<td>27</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Table 9-3</td>
<td>Save Log data Verification</td>
<td>27</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Table 9-4</td>
<td>User Friendly Verification</td>
<td>28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Table 9-5</td>
<td>Force Accuracy Verification</td>
<td>29</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Table 11-1</td>
<td>Function Points, With Multiplier</td>
<td>36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Table 11-2</td>
<td>Jones First Order Influence Factor</td>
<td>36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Table 11-3</td>
<td>Adjusted Function Point Total</td>
<td>37</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Table 11-4</td>
<td>Jones First Order Estimation</td>
<td>37</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Table 11-5</td>
<td>COCOMO 81 Cost Drivers</td>
<td>38</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
1. Product Concept

This section describes the purpose, use and intended user audience for the Taekwondo Match Management System. The TMMS is a software system that helps manage Taekwondo tournaments and communicates with special defense equipment to relay information to an audience and system administrators.

1.1 Purpose and Use

The Taekwondo Match Management System will manage a match between two contestants utilizing the martial arts style, Taekwondo. The TMMS will allow administrators to set up match details about contestants, record match statistics, and display information to an audience about a Taekwondo match. The Taekwondo Match Management System will also communicate with special defense equipment that both contestants wear that can register force and location of attacks on each contestant. This will be used to display information to an audience and the administrators about a match.

1.2 Intended Audience

The intended audience is Taekwondo gym owners that would like to quantify their training methods by hosting small sparring matches or would like to have additional data such as force and location of hits for their competitors. Additional audiences might include organizations that regularly host Taekwondo tournaments and are in need of an efficient match level management system.

Figure 1-1: Conceptual Drawing
2. Product Description and Functional Overview

This section provides the reader with an overview of the Taekwondo Match Management System. The primary operational aspects of the product, from the perspective of end users, maintainers and administrators, are defined here. The key features and functions found in the product, as well as critical user interactions and user interfaces are described in detail.

2.1 Features and Functions

The TMMS will consist of a software package that can be installed on any computer with the Windows Operating System. The TMMS will interface with defense equipment in order to record the statistics of matches and determine the force of attacks. The software will record the statistics and force of events by receiving data through a receiver on the defense equipment that each competitor will be wearing. This data will then be stored in an internal database so that it can be extracted when the data is needed. The TMMS will record the place a hit has occurred and the amount of force of that hit for administrators to view and will also affect a life bar that is viewable to an audience. TMMS will also display relevant competitor information to the audience and administrators.

2.2 External Inputs and Outputs

The TMMS software will take in input when an administrator enters contestant information and sets up match details. When setting up the match details, a user will be assigned equipment that will be registered to that contestant. The registered equipment will send event (hit) information to the software to display to administrators and an audience. The data received from the equipment will be the location of events and the force of events.

![Figure 2-1: T.M.M.S. Data Flow](image-url)
Table 2-1: External Inputs and Outputs

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Use</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Match Details</td>
<td>The match details will set up the initial settings for a Taekwondo match.</td>
<td>Input from Match setup screen</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Output to Administrator screen</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Defense Equipment</td>
<td>T.M.M.S. will receive event data from the defense equipment.</td>
<td>Input location of successful hits</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Input force of successful hits</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Administrator Display</td>
<td>System will display a screen for administrators to setup matches, make changes, and view match details.</td>
<td>Output defense equipment data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Input match details</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Audience display</td>
<td>System will display a screen for the audience to observe competitor life, time, and competitor name.</td>
<td>Input data from defense equipment to alter life bars</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Output real time life of competitors</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2.3 Product Interfaces

The TMMS will be composed of an administrator display as well as an audience display. The information to be displayed on both screens will contain data from the defense equipment. The administrator display will allow users to specify match details and create mock up test modes in order to view data about matches. This data will include the force of a hit, as well as the location of the hit. The location of a hit can either be the chest or the head. It will also allow users to refer to previous match states. The audience display will show the competitors information, such as life, name, country, time remaining in match, and any penalties that have been applied to competitors.

The figures below were provided by the sponsor. These mockups will be used as a guide for the user interface. The input fields, buttons, and screens will be represented in some form in the final product. The design layout and naming conventions may change to ensure ease-of-use.
Figure 2-2: Administrator display for Game Setup

Figure 2-2 represents a screen that will be seen by the match administrators. It will allow them to input information relevant to the game, including:

- Contestant/Competitor name
- Contestant/Competitor country
- Number of rounds
- Round time
- Break time
- Medical time
- Health of the contestant/competitor (for the life bar feature)
- Penalty amounts
  - Jooyo – major penalty
  - Danjo – minor penalty
- Score modifiers
  - Combination hits
  - Head attacks/strikes
- Equipment setup for head and chest pads
- Threshold for minimum force required for a successful hit

Fields shown in the figure, but not listed above, are subject to change in the final product.
Figure 2-3: Administrator display for Game Control

Figure 2-3 represents a screen that will be seen by match administrators. This screen will be displayed after the input for a match has been accepted. The administrators will use this screen to monitor and control match events. Some of the controls include:

- Start/End match
- Assign penalty per competitor
- Medical time
- Match log
- Test mode

Along with match controls, the administrators will be able to view the match information, such as life bar status, time remaining, and the test mode. The test mode will represent the status of the equipment and show the force of a strike. This mode is to ensure that the head and chest equipment is reporting strikes correctly. In this mockup, the test mode is represented by a graph of force vs. time.

The controls mockup will be used as a guide for the final product’s control screen. Any button not mentioned is subject to change, or will be explained later in this document.
Figure 2-4 is a representation of the audience display. The audience will be able to view the status of each competitor’s life bar, time remaining in the match, country represented, and round/match winner. The final product’s audience display will represent this information.
3. Customer Requirements

The section described consists of the requirements provided by our sponsor that must be implemented in order to provide a complete product. These requirements therefore will need to implement a maintenance interface for system administrators to set up and alter the system and display the status of competitors to an audience.

3.1 Audience Display

3.1.1 Description: During a match, the TMMS will provide a display with the competitor information to be viewed by the audience. Critical information to be displayed shall be name of competitors, life-bars, country, round and match victors, and time remaining for a match.

3.1.2 Source: William Sexton (Sponsor)

3.1.3 Constraints: None

3.1.4 Standards: Country codes determined by National Olympic Committee (NOC)

3.1.5 Priority: 1 – Critical

3.2 Start Screen

3.2.1 Description: When the system is started the software shall display a start screen showing the logo and name of the system.

3.2.2 Source: William Sexton (Sponsor)

3.2.3 Constraints: None

3.2.4 Standards: None

3.2.5 Priority: 2 – High

3.3 Control Panel

3.3.1 Description: The system shall have a control panel that allows a user to view details about a match, apply test mode for a match, apply minor and major penalties, apply medical to a match, and alter details about a match.

3.3.2 Source: William Sexton (Sponsor)

3.3.3 Constraints: None

3.3.4 Standards: None
3.3.5 Priority: 1 – Critical

3.4 Match Setup

3.4.1 Description: The system shall have a match setup screen to input contestant information, register equipment to contestant, and specify other match information.

3.4.2 Source: William Sexton (Sponsor)

3.4.3 Constraints: None

3.4.4 Standards: None

3.4.5 Priority: 1 – Critical

3.5 Test Mode

3.5.1 Description: The system shall have a mode for users to view the forces that occur during a match and the times the forces occurred.

3.5.2 Source: William Sexton (Sponsor)

3.5.3 Constraints: None

3.5.4 Standards: None

3.5.5 Priority: 1 – Critical

3.6 Equipment Hit Detection

3.6.1 Description: The system shall report successful hits as well as the force of those hits.

3.6.1.1 Force of successful hit: The system shall detect the force of a hit based on data sent from the Daedo equipment. This will determine the amount of life to be deducted from the life bar.

3.6.2 Source: William Sexton (Sponsor)

3.6.3 Constraints: Daedo fighting equipment must be operational.

3.6.4 Standards: None

3.6.5 Priority: 1 – Critical

3.7 Health Calculations
3.7.1 **Description:** The system shall calculate the remaining health of a competitor which will decrease based on the force of a successful hit (more force means more life deducted from the life bar), the number of penalties assigned to a fighter, and any modifiers that have been applied.

3.7.1.1 **Modifiers:** The system shall allow score modifiers to be implemented for a match. The modifiers will account for location of a strike (ex: head strikes will count more than body strikes) and any combination strikes (strikes that occur within a certain time frame).

3.7.2 **Source:** William Sexton (Sponsor)

3.7.3 **Constraints:** None

3.7.4 **Standards:** None

3.7.5 **Priority:** 1 – Critical

### 3.8 Penalties

3.8.1 **Description:** The health of a fighter in the system can be affected by a penalty issued to a fighter and will contain two types of penalties major penalty (jooyo) and a minor penalty (danjo).

3.8.2 **Source:** William Sexton (Sponsor)

3.8.3 **Constraints:** None

3.8.4 **Standards:** None

3.8.5 **Priority:** 1 – Critical

### 3.9 Score Modifiers

3.9.1 **Description:** The score modifiers will alter the amount of life decrease from a successful hit.

3.9.2 **Source:** William Sexton (Sponsor)

3.9.3 **Constraints:** None

3.9.4 **Standards:** None

3.9.5 **Priority:** 1 – Critical

### 3.10 Equipment Parts On/Off
3.10.1 Description: The chest piece and head gear are separate entities that can be turned on or off and will report the status to the system.

3.10.2 Source: William Sexton (Sponsor)

3.10.3 Constraints: None

3.10.4 Standards: None

3.10.5 Priority: 1 – Critical

3.11 Match Log

3.11.1 Description: The system shall store the history of all scoreboard changing events and their attributes. If you select an event in the match log and hit accept, the match will be reverted to that point.

3.11.2 Source: William Sexton (Sponsor)

3.11.3 Constraints: None

3.11.4 Standards: None

3.11.5 Priority: 1 – Critical

3.12 Administrator Display

3.12.1 Description: During a match the TMMS will provide an administrator display that is independent of the audience display. This display will show details about the match that are not viewable to the audience.

3.12.2 Source: William Sexton (Sponsor)

3.12.3 Constraints: None

3.12.4 Standards: Country codes determined by National Olympic Committee (NOC)

3.12.5 Priority: 1 – Critical
4. Packaging Requirements

The system shall contain two parts: the first being the equipment that can interface with the software and shall be packaged according to the distributor’s requirements. The Taekwondo Match Management System software shall be packaged according to the requirements specified below.

4.1 Software

4.1.1 Description: The TMMS software shall be delivered as an installable software package. The medium that will contain the software will be delivered on CD/DVD as an executable.

4.1.2 Source: Team

4.1.3 Constraints: The operating system must be Windows 7 or above

4.1.4 Standards: None

4.1.5 Priority: 2 – High

4.2 User Manual

4.2.1 Description: The software shall contain a user manual that specifies how to use the system for monitoring Taekwondo matches. The user manual shall be located on the installation disk in soft copy form.

4.2.2 Source: Team

4.2.3 Constraints: The user manual will be written in English.

4.2.4 Standards: None

4.2.5 Priority: 4 – Low
5. Performance Requirements

This section indicates the performance requirements of how the product is expected to perform, including the speed and what is expected of the equipment’s software.

5.1 Start Program

5.1.1 Description: Once the user starts the program, it shall launch and be prepared within a short period of time.

5.1.2 Source: Team TK Force

5.1.3 Constraints: The launching time of the program will depend on the configuration of the hosting computer.

5.1.4 Standards: None

5.1.5 Priority: 2-High

5.2 Life-bar Deduction Response

5.2.1 Description: The program shall reduce the life bar indicator on the screen when there is a successful hit detected by the receiver. The response delay from the hit to the screen will be minimal.

5.2.2 Source: TK Force

5.2.3 Constraints: None

5.2.4 Standards: None

5.2.5 Priority: 2-High

5.3 Recording Log

5.3.1 Description: The program shall record the logs of a match immediately.

5.3.2 Source: TK Force

5.3.3 Constraints: None

5.3.4 Standards: None

5.3.5 Priority: 2-High
5.4 **Response to Button Click**

5.4.1 **Description:** The program shall respond to any button clicks immediately.

5.4.2 **Source:** TK Force

5.4.3 **Constraints:** None

5.4.4 **Standards:** None

5.4.5 **Priority:** 2-High

5.3 **Processing Force Data**

5.3.1 **Description:** When a hit is registered by the program, the force recorded from the hit will be retrieved from the Daedo equipment.

5.3.2 **Source:** TK Force

5.3.3 **Constraints:** Daedo equipment must be operational

5.3.4 **Standards:** None

5.3.5 **Priority:** 2-High
6. Safety Requirements
The TMMS software works in conjunction with defense equipment made by Daedo. TK Force assumes no responsibility for any injuries resulting from the use of the equipment in a match, or while training.
7. Maintenance and Support Requirements

This section will address the maintenance and support requirements for the Taekwondo Match Management System. It will address how we intend to maintain and support the system from website support to version update.

7.1 Source Code

7.1.1 Description: The source code for the project shall be available for review. The code will be documented and readable.

7.1.2 Source: TK Force

7.1.3 Constraints: None

7.1.4 Standards: None

7.1.5 Priority: 1 – Critical

7.2 Software Modularity

7.2.1 Description: The software will be Object Oriented. This will allow the product to be updated or modified by a software developer.

7.2.2 Source: TK Force

7.2.3 Constraints: None

7.2.4 Standards: None

7.2.5 Priority: 1 – Critical

7.3 Installing/Set up Product

7.3.1 Description: We will help the customer install and set up the product.

7.3.2 Source: TK Force

7.3.3 Constraints: Support for the product will end in December 2013

7.3.4 Standards: None

7.3.5 Priority: 1 – Critical
7.4 User Manual

7.3.1 Description: A detailed user manual about the software will be made available on the installation disk. It will address the frequently asked questions and troubleshooting tips.

7.3.2 Source: TK Force

7.3.3 Constraints: N/A

7.3.4 Standards: The user manual will be in English.

7.3.5 Priority: 1 – Critical
8. Other Requirements

This section describes the requirements that have not been specified in any other section of the document. However, it does address requirements that add on to others requirements and are necessary for implementing a complete system.

8.1 Store Contestant Information

8.1.1 Description: The system shall store user information that corresponds to a contestant participating in a taekwondo match in a database. Must be able to store contestant name, must be able to store contestant country, and must be able to store equipment ID contestant is using

8.1.2 Source: TK Force

8.1.3 Constraint: None

8.1.4 Standards: None

8.1.5 Priority: 1 – Critical

8.2 Store Match Events

8.2.1 Description: This information will be stored in a database and will correspond to events that affect the score in a single match. This information may also be used to return a match to a specific point in time.

8.2.1.1 Stored Events: Round event occurred, time event occurred (head shots, body shots, penalties (major/minor), referee stops match, etc.), the initiator of the event, the receiver of the event, the force of the event, the target (head and body), the target mod, the timing mod, and the score (calculated by force * target mod * timing mod)

8.2.2 Source: William Sexton (sponsor)

8.2.3 Constraints: None

8.2.4 Standards: None

8.2.5 Priority: 1 – Critical

8.3 Store Country information

8.3.1 Description: This is a list of countries represented in the Olympic Games. Must be stored in a database as 3 letter country code, and must store corresponding country flag.
8.3.2 Source: William Sexton (sponsor)

8.3.3 Constraints: None

8.3.4 Standards: Country codes as determined by NOC (National Olympic Committee)

8.3.5 Priority: 2 – High

8.4 Store Match Statistics

8.4.1 Description: This is a history of all the matches recorded by the software and must be stored in a database some relevant information to be stored are, who won the match, and what round the contestant won the match

8.4.2 Source: William Sexton (sponsor)

8.4.3 Constraints: None

8.4.4 Standards: None

8.4.5 Priority: 2 – High

8.5 Calibration

8.4.1 Description: This will allow the force of hits on the equipment to be adjusted to ensure accuracy.

8.4.2 Source: TK Force

8.4.3 Constraints: None

8.4.4 Standards: None

8.4.5 Priority: 2 – High
9. Acceptance Criteria

This section describes the acceptance criteria for the Taekwondo Match Management System (TMMS). Based on the following criteria, the final system will be determined to be complete or incomplete by the sponsor.

9.1 Verify that the system displays the audience screen.

9.1.1 Requirement(s) addressed

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Requirements</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3.1</td>
<td>Audience Display</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.7</td>
<td>Health Calculations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.8</td>
<td>Penalties</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.9</td>
<td>Score Modifiers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.2</td>
<td>Life-bar Deduction Response</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

9.1.2 Verification Procedure

TMMS will be tested to ensure that the system can display the audience screen. After the match has been setup, the audience screen will be displayed on the monitor.
9.2 Verify that the system runs in real time

9.2.1 Requirement(s) addressed:

Table 9-2: Real Time Verification

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Requirements</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5.2</td>
<td>Life-bar Deduction Response</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.3</td>
<td>Recording Log</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.4</td>
<td>Response to Button Click</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

9.2.2 Verification Procedure:

When the system and equipment are online, the pad of each competitor will be struck to verify the life bar response. From the match log, the first event will be selected and applied to ensure the match log reverts to the initial match state.

9.3 Verify that the system saves data for Log

9.3.1 Requirement(s) addressed:

Table 9-3: Save Log data Verification

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Requirements</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3.11</td>
<td>Match Log</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.2</td>
<td>Store Match Events</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.3</td>
<td>Store Match Statistics</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

9.3.2 Verification Procedure:
TMMS will be tested and verified that the system responds to the match and store all the logs immediately.

### 9.4 Verify that the system is user friendly

#### 9.4.1 Requirement(s) addressed:

#### Table 9-4: User Friendly Verification

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Requirements</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3.2</td>
<td>Start Screen</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.3</td>
<td>Control Panel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.4</td>
<td>Match Setup</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.5</td>
<td>Test Mode</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.8</td>
<td>Penalties</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.9</td>
<td>Score Modifiers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.11</td>
<td>Match Log</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### 9.4.2 Verification Procedure:

TMMS will be tested by the sponsor to verify ease of use.
9.5 Verify that the system is accurately recording force

9.5.1 Requirement(s) addressed:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Requirements</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3.5</td>
<td>Test Mode</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.7</td>
<td>Health Calculations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.3</td>
<td>Processing Force Data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.5</td>
<td>Calibration</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 9-5: Force Accuracy Verification

9.3.2 Verification Procedure:

TMMS will be tested after calibration to ensure the force of the hits is accurate.
10. Use Cases

We have identified three major subsystems and the Use Cases associated with them. The subsystems are Match, Modification, and View. The Use Cases for these subsystems are Create Match, Start/Stop Match, Apply Penalty, Modify Score, Match Log, View Test Mode, and View Log File.

10.1 Match Use Cases

![Diagram of Match Subsystem]

Figure 10-1: Match Subsystem

10.1.1: Create Match

**Description:** The user will have to input fighter information, penalty deductions, score modifiers, and equipment status before a match can start.

**System:** Match

**Actor:** User

**TUCBW:** The user enters the fighters’ information and clicks the Create Match button.

**TUCEW:** The screen displays the match information.

10.1.2: Start/Stop Match

**Description:** The user will have to start and stop the match when necessary.

**System:** Match

**Actor:** User
**TUCBW:** The user presses the Start/Stop Match button.

**TUCEW:** The screen displays the current status of the match.

### 10.2 Modification Use Cases

**10.2.1: Apply Penalty**

**Description:** During a match, the user may have to administer a penalty to one of the fighters.

**System:** Modification

**Actor:** User

**TUCBW:** The user presses the appropriate penalty button.

**TUCEW:** The points are deducted from the fighter’s score.
10.2.2: Modify Score

Description: At the direction of the official, the user will need to modify the score of a fighter.

System: Modification

Actor: User

TUCBW: The user adjusts the fighter’s score on the screen.

TUCEW: The screen displays the adjusted score.

10.2.3: Log Match

Description: The user will have the option to view a logged event from the Match Log file and apply the previous events as the current.

System: Modification

Actor: User

TUCBW: The user presses the Log button and selects a logged event.

TUCEW: The screen displays the information from the logged event.

10.3 View Use Cases

![Diagram](Figure 10-3: View Subsystem)
10.3.1: View Test Mode

**Description:** The user will be able to view the test mode to ensure the equipment and system is recording hits at the correct force and time.

**System:** View

**Actor:** User

**TUCBW:** The user clicks the Test Mode button.

**TUCEW:** The screen displays the Test Mode screen.

10.3.2: View Log File

**Description:** The user may need to view previous events from the current match.

**System:** View

**Actor:** User

**TUCBW:** The user presses the Log button.

**TUCEW:** The screen displays the current Log File.
## 11. Feasibility Assessment

This section consists of an assessment of the following six components: scope analysis, research completed/remaining; technical analysis; cost analysis, resource analysis; and schedule analysis.

### 11.1 Scope Analysis

We have analyzed the scope of the project, as well as our team abilities, and concluded that we will be able to complete the minimum acceptable requirements for this project. These requirements include real-time events, data saving and storage, user-friendliness, and displays for the audience and match administrators.

The real-time events include registering a hit, the force of the hit, the location of the hit (head or body), and the event log. The data being saved and stored are match events, match results, and country flags used to further identify the fighters. The user-friendliness is also critical because the match administrators are normally volunteers that will have negligible experience with our software. The layout must make sense and be navigated by anyone. The last critical requirement is the display setup. The match administrators must be able to view the controls and match status on one screen, while the audience should only see the match status.

### 11.2 Research

We have begun researching the Daedo fighting equipment that our system will work with. The results from this research will allow us to understand what type of data is being received so we can translate that to data that we can use for our project. We have found one other project similar to ours that has been completed which may be able to help us with portions of ours. Additional research has been performed on the materials that make up the fighting equipment, and the transmitter/receiver for the equipment. We have performed this research as a backup plan, in case the Daedo equipment cannot be integrated into our system.

### 11.3 Technical Analysis

There are three technical components to our system: the wireless receiver, the display setup, and the user interface.

The wireless receiver obtains data from the fighting equipment and sends it to the computer. The type of data coming from the receiver is still unknown, and must be researched to integrate into the system.

The display setup requires the audience and the match administrators to view two different screens. We have discussed using Java or C# to implement this feature, depending on which has a more robust library.
The user interface will allow the match to be setup and managed. The equipment components can be manipulated from here, and match events can be viewed and assigned. It will also be required to make adjustments in real time and revert back to a previous state, if necessary.

The system, as it currently stands, does not require any additional hardware components. The software will be designed to be installed on any Windows computer. The fighting equipment is its own system, and we will not be making any modifications to it.

The team will need to retrieve information from the sponsor about the equipment, and may have to contact Daedo to provide any additional information about the data retrieval aspect of the equipment.

The team has a variety of technical skills that should allow us to resolve any technical issues encountered.

11.4 Cost Analysis
The prototype for the system will incur no financial cost. The fighting equipment has been procured by the sponsor and the software doesn’t require any specialized hardware to run.

11.5 Resource Analysis
Team TK Force consists of two software engineers, one computer scientist, and one computer engineer. The resources necessary to complete this project on schedule include time management, logical task assignments, scheduling, document collaboration and integration, programming skills, and networking. If there are no issues with the Daedo fighting equipment, we will be able to complete the project on schedule.

The team has experience developing graphical user interfaces and using multiple programming languages. The team also has experience in detailed design and development of a non-trivial system.

The team has little, or no, experience in networking, which can affect how easily it will be to retrieve the data from the wireless receiver and translate that information into usable data for the system. The team also does not have experience with Microsoft Project and must learn to utilize it for the success of the project.

11.6 Schedule Analysis
To estimate our schedule, the team has used multiple estimation techniques. We chose to use function points, Jones First Order Estimation, and COCOMO 81 to provide an initial estimate. Other techniques may be used in the future for additional estimates that will give us a better idea of the schedule.

11.6.1 Function Points
Function points are used to estimate the size of a program. We analyzed the inputs, outputs, inquiries, logical internal files, and external interface files which gives us the function point total.
To find the influence factor, we used Jones First Order Influence Factor.

### Table 11-1: Function Points, With Multiplier

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Low Complexity</th>
<th>Medium Complexity</th>
<th>High Complexity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Number of Inputs</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of Outputs</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inquiries</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Logical Internal Files</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>External Interface Files</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Unadjusted Function Points</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>60</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Table 11-2: Jones First Order Influence Factor

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Influence Multiplier</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Data Communications</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Distributed Data processing</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Performance</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Heavily used configurations</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transaction Rate</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>On-Line Data Entry</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>End-user Efficiency</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>On-Line Update</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
11.6.2 Effort Estimation
Calculating the Adjusted Function Point Total allows us to use Jones First Order Estimation for a Business-Class project.

Table 11-4: Jones First Order Estimation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Best Case</th>
<th>Average</th>
<th>Worst Case</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Business-Class</td>
<td>0.41</td>
<td>0.43</td>
<td>0.46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calendar Months</td>
<td>5.49</td>
<td>5.96</td>
<td>6.75</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

11.6.3 COCOMO 81 Model
We used the COCOMO 81 Model to provide additional estimates on our schedule. We derived a very rough estimate of single lines of code (SLOC) based on previous projects that had similar aspects implemented.

### Table 11-5: COCOMO 81 Cost Drivers

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Ratings</th>
<th>Score</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Product Attributes</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Required software reliability</td>
<td>High</td>
<td>1.15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Size of application database</td>
<td>Low</td>
<td>0.94</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Complexity of the product</td>
<td>Nominal</td>
<td>1.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Hardware attributes</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Run-time performance constraints</td>
<td>Very High</td>
<td>1.30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Memory constraints</td>
<td>Nominal</td>
<td>1.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Volatility of the virtual machine environment</td>
<td>Low</td>
<td>0.87</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Required turnabout time</td>
<td>Nominal</td>
<td>1.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Personnel attributes</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Analyst capability</td>
<td>Nominal</td>
<td>1.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Applications experience</td>
<td>Low</td>
<td>1.13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Software engineer capability</td>
<td>Nominal</td>
<td>1.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Virtual machine experience</td>
<td>Low</td>
<td>1.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Programming language experience</td>
<td>Nominal</td>
<td>1.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Project attributes</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application of software engineering methods</td>
<td>Nominal</td>
<td>1.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Use of software tools</td>
<td>Nominal</td>
<td>1.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Required development schedule</td>
<td>Nominal</td>
<td>1.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------------------------</td>
<td>---------</td>
<td>------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EAF</td>
<td></td>
<td>1.52</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KSLOC</td>
<td></td>
<td>4.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Effort Applied (man-months)</td>
<td></td>
<td>21.54</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Development Time (calendar months)</td>
<td></td>
<td>7.32</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 11.7 Summary

From the analysis, we can see that this project is estimated to be complete in approximately six or seven months, and Senior Design will span six months. The team has a responsibility to meet the deadlines given by the instructor, so the project must be complete by the end of the second semester. However, the analysis was performed with all of the requirements in mind. To finish the project on time, we may have to push some non-critical functionality to future versions of the project.

It should be noted that these estimates may be off. As the project continues forward, TK Force will reassess certain requirements to obtain a better estimate. At this point in time, the estimates can only give us a rough idea regarding the actual time required to complete the full set of requirements.
12. Future Items

12.1 Match Tournament

12.1.1 Requirement Description: The program shall support multi-match instead of only monitoring one match. The program will be receiving data from many sets of equipment and monitor each set’s match at the same time.

12.1.2 Constraint: Lack of knowledge on receiving data from multi sets. More cost of money and time.

12.2 Support Myo

12.2.1 Requirement Description: The program shall support the Myo armband, the referee shall be able to apply penalties, pauses the match, call medical, etc. while wearing Myo.

12.2.2 Constraint: Myo has not been released. Lack of knowledge of how Myo works. More cost of money and time.

12.3 Support Other Operating System

12.3.1 Requirement Description: The program shall be able to work on Mac OS, Linux and other common operating system.

12.3.2 Constraint: More cost of money and time.

12.4 Save Match Video

12.3.1 Requirement Description: The program shall be able to save the video that has been recorded during the match into an .mp4 file.

12.3.2 Constraint: More cost of money and time.
13. Glossary

**Daedo** – The manufacturer of the fighting equipment

**TUCBW** - “The Use Case Begins When”

**TUCEW** - “The Use Case Ends When”

**Myo** - armband that detects forearm movement