

BFS-visit(G,s)

V vertices E edges

DFS, DFS-visit

BFS-Visit(G,s) // search graph G starting from vertex s.

1. For each vertex u of G
  1. color[u] = WHITE // undiscovered
  2. dist[u] = inf // distance from s to u
  3. pred[u] = NIL - 1 // predecessor of u on the path from s to u
2. color[s] = GRAY // s is being processed
3. dist[s] = 0
4. pred[s] = NIL - 1
5. Initialize empty queue Q
6. put(Q,s) // s goes to the end of Q
7. While Q is not empty
  1. u = get(Q) // removes u from the front of Q
  2. For each v adjacent to u // explore edge (u,v) // in increasing order
    1. If color[v] == WHITE
      1. color[v] = GRAY
      2. dist[v] = dist[u] + 1
      3. pred[v] = u
      4. put(Q,v)
  3. color[u] = BLACK

$O(V)$   
+  
 $O(1)$   
+  
 $O(V^2)$   
 $O(E)$

mandatory.  
 $O(V)$  ← optional



node at most 1 time in Q

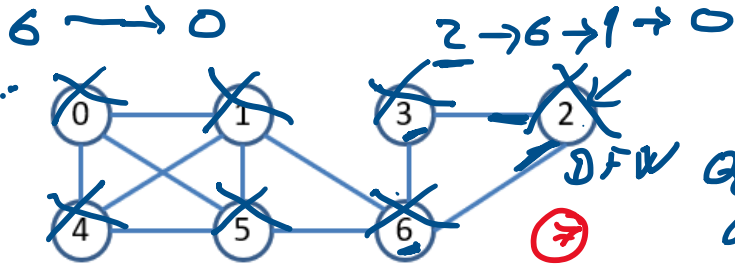
$\Theta(V)$  matrix  
 $\Theta(deg(u))$  adj list  
2 [7] → [3] → [6]  
4            v            v

$O(1)$   
 $O(1)$

if graph is connected  
V ? E

0 white = undiscovered  
gray = discovered, in queue  
black = out of the queue

Representation	BFS time complexity	BFS space complexity
Adj LIST	$O(V+E)$	$O(V)$
Adj MATRIX	$O(V^2)$	$O(V)$



DFW Q: 2, 3, 6, 4, 5, 0, 1  
u = 2 3, 6 4, 5, 0, 1

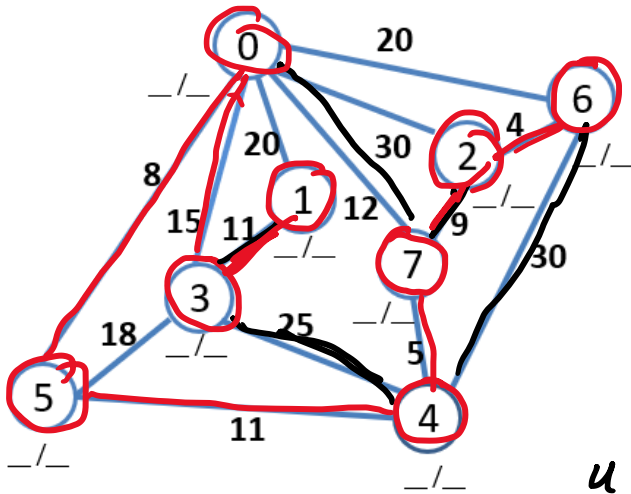
Vertex	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Work (dist and parent updates for nodes)	$\infty / -1$ 3 / 0	$\infty / -1$ 2 / 6	$\infty / -1$ 0 / -1	$\infty / -1$ 1 / 2	$\infty / -1$ 3 / 1	$\infty / -1$ 2 / 6	$\infty / -1$ 1 / 2	$\infty / -1$

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MST_Prim(G,w,s) // N = |V|
1  int d[N], p[N]
2  For v = 0 -> N-1
3    d[v] = inf // min weight of edge connecting v to MST
4    p[v] = -1 // MST vertex, s.t. w(p[v], v) = d[v]
5  d[s] = 0
6  Q = PriorityQueue(G.V, d)
7  While notEmpty(Q)
8    u = removeMin(Q, d)    u: 7, 4
9    for each v adjacent to u
10     if v in Q and w(u,v) < d[v] {
11       p[v] = u
12       d[v] = w(u,v);
13       decreasedKeyFix(Q,v,d) // v is neither index nor key
14     }
15 }

```

Assume adjacency list representation. TC: SC:



MST\_Prim(G, 7)

u = 7 4 6 5 0 3, 1

Vertex	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Work	<del>∞</del> -1	<del>∞</del> -1	<del>∞</del> -1	<del>∞</del> -1	<del>∞</del> -1	<del>∞</del> -1	<del>∞</del> -1	<del>∞</del> -1
(dist and parent updates for nodes)	(2) 7 <del>3/2</del> 30 > 12 not update 20 > 2 7 < 12 8/5	20 < ∞ 20/0 11 < 20 7 11/3	9/7 X	25/3 18 < 25! 18/5 15 < 18 15/0	5/7 X	11/4 X	30/4 4 < 30 4/2 X	0/1 <del>∞/∞</del> X

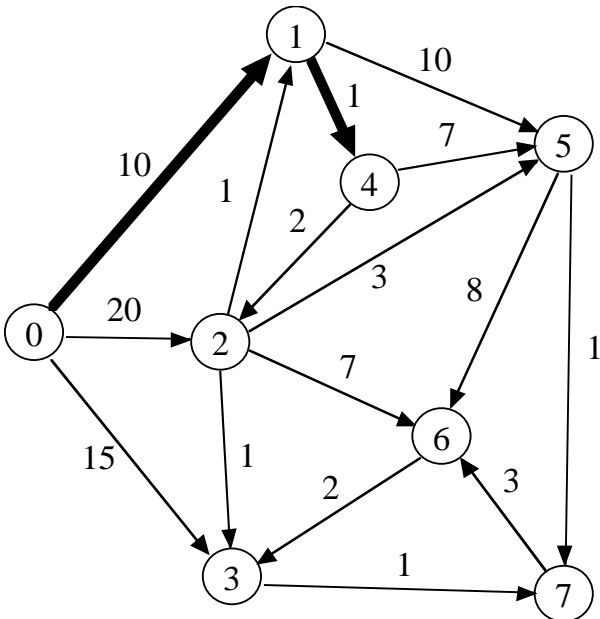
(5,0) (3,1) (7,2), (0,3) (7,4) (4,5) (2,6),  
8 11 2

Dijkstra(G,w,s) // N = |V|

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1  int d[N], p[N]
2  For v = 0 -> N-1
3    d[v]=inf //total weight from s to v
4    p[v]=-1 //v's predecessor on path s to v
5  d[s]=0
6  Q = PriorityQueue(d)
7  While notEmpty(Q) {
8    u = removeMin(Q,w)
9    for each v adjacent to u
10     if v in Q and (d[u]+w(u,v))<d[v]{
11       p[v]=u
12       d[v] = d[u]+w(u,v);
13       decreasedKeyFix(Q,v,d)
14     }
15 }

```



Vertex	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Work (dist and parent updates for nodes)								