## Recursion (Master Theorem):

Master Theorem 1 (Easy Version): Let	and	, and let T(n) be defined on the
nonnegative integers by the recurrence: T(n) = .		, where we interpret
to mean either or		
1		
1.		
2		
J		
Master Theorem 2 (Easy Version): Let	and	, and let T(n) be defined on the
nonnegative integers by the recurrence: T(n) =		
, where we interpret to me	ean either _	or, then T(n) =
·		
Master Theorem 3 (Extension of M2 for k < 0):	<u>'</u>	
Master Theorem 5 (Extension of ME for K + 5)	•	
1.		
2		
3		
		<del></del>
Ex:		
a.)		
•		

b.)

c.)

d.)

e.)

f.)

g.)