## Stacks and Queues

S – Stack, Q – Queue, SQ – Stack/Queue

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**SQ1.** Short answers:

a) (3pts) A stack has M items. Fill in the total **time complexity** to do N **push** operations on it.  $\Theta$  (.....)

b) The time complexity to insert in an array-based queue with X items is  $\Theta$  (\_\_\_\_\_).

c) The space complexity for a pop() operation in a list-based stack with T items is  $\Theta$  (\_\_\_\_\_).

**S1.** Write code for the following stack operations, implementing the array-based stack:

```
Stack newStack(int N);
void push(Stack * s, int item);
int pop(Stack * s);
```

## Use the given struct:

```
struct stack_array{
    int * items;
    int top; //index AFTER last item
    int capacity;
};
typedef struct stack array Stack
```

**S2.** Letters are pushed on a stack in order: R A N D O M O P S. Specify where to insert pop operations (shown by '\*') among the pushes of the given letters, in order to produce the output: ADONOMSPR.

You can only do this process once. That is, you cannot take the output produced and then pass it again through the stack.

**S3.** Letters are pushed on a stack in order: R E A S O N . Specify where to insert pop operations (shown by '\*') among the pushes of the given letters, in order to produce the output: O S E R A N.

You can only do this process once. That is, you cannot take the output produced and then pass it again through the stack.

**S4.** Starting with an empty stack, show the stack after each operation: 5,9,3,\*,\*,10,\*,12,\*

(Here 5,9,3,\*,\*,... indicate the operations: push(5), push(9), push(3), pop(), pop(),...)

**S5.** Leetcode (NOT part of the quiz)

- 20. Valid Parentheses
- 1544. Make The String Great
- 1190. Reverse Substrings Between Each Pair of Parentheses

**Q1.** Write code for the following queue operations, implementing the array-based queue.

bool put(Queue \* Q, int val);

bool get(Queue \* Q, int\* ret);

## Use the given struct:

```
struct queue_array {
    int capacity;
    int size;
    int first_index; // index of first item
    int last_index; // index AFTER last item
    int * items;
};
typedef struct queue_array Queue;
```

**Q2.** (9 pts) Assume that a FIFO Queue is implemented using an array of size 3. Show the array after each of the operations: 5,9,3,\*,\*,10,\*,12,\*

(Here 5,9,3,\*,\*,... indicate the operations: put(5), put(9), put(3), get(), get(),...)

