
Advanced Topics in Scalable Learning

CSE 6392 Lecture 1 Administration & Introduction

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Department of Computer Science and Engineering

Administration

- **Course CSE6392**

- What: Advanced Topics in Scalable Learning
- When: Friday 1:00 ~ 3:50pm
- Where: NH 109
- Who: Junzhou Huang (Office ERB 650) jzhuang@uta.edu
- Office Hour: FRIDAY 3:50 ~ 6:00pm and/or appointments
- Webpage: <http://ranger.uta.edu/~huang/teaching/CSE6392.htm>
(**Please check this page regularly**)

- **Lecturer**

- PhD in CS from Rutgers, the State University of New Jersey
- Research areas: machine learning , computer vision, medical image analysis and bioinformatics

- **GTA**

- Qifeng Zhou (Office ERB 105B), qxz8706@mavs.uta.edu
- Office hours: Friday 10:00am ~ 12:00pm and/or appointments

Study materials

- **Prerequisites**

- Algorithm and Data Structures (CSE2320)
- Introduction to Computers & Programming (CSE 1310)
- What this really means:
 - You know at least one programming language.
 - Elementary knowledge of Linear Algebra
 - Elementary knowledge of Data Structure
 - Elementary knowledge of Algorithms

- **More (Not Necessary)**

- Machine learning
- Computer Vision
- Data Mining
- Image Processing

Study Materials

- **Text book**
 - None Necessary
 - Cutting-Edge Topics
- **Related Textbooks**
 - "[The elements of statistical learning : data mining, inference, and prediction, 2nd Edition](#)", by Hastie, T., Tibshirani, R., Friedman J. Springer, 2009
 - "[Computer Vision -- A modern approach](#)", by David Forsyth and Jean Ponce, Prentice Hall, 2002
 - “Deep Learning”, by Ian Goodfellow, Yoshua Bengio, Aaron Courville, MIT Press, 2016
- **Acknowledgments**
 - Material from textbook sites or other class sites
 - Lots of material available on the web (via google search, wikipedia)
 - Papers from proceedings of ICML, NeurIPS, ICLR, CVPR, ICCV, KDD

Assignments

- **Paper Selection**

- Each group has two members at most.
- Each group will select at least one paper from the following paper list and then be scheduled to present their selected papers in our class.
- You can choose any papers from the paper lists
- Please talk to the lecturer if you prefer to select a paper out of the list
- The selected paper has to be confirmed by the second week (before the second class)
- GTA will set up the paper selection sheet
- Different groups will present different papers

- **Start early !!!**

Grading

- **Distribution**

- 25% Paper Presentation
 - 25% Slide Preparation
 - 25% Questions & Answering
 - 25% Class Participation
-
- 100%

- **Attention**

- No midterm or final exam for this course.
- Please read the selected paper and prepare the final presentation as early as possible
- This is research seminar course. Asking questions and discussion are highly encouraged
- When missing a class due to unavoidable circumstances, PLEASE notify the instructor in advance with any notes/evidences



Information

- **Course Webpage**
 - Check the web page regularly
 - Announcements and lecture notes will be posted there.
- **Grade Appeal**
 - Please refer to the UTA Catalog for the detailed guide of grade appeals.
- **Drop Policy**
 - The university withdrawal policy will be strictly adhered to.
- **Others**
 - Accommodating students with disabilities
 - Student Support Services
 - Etc.

Questions



Course Overview

- **What is it?**
 - Advanced Topics in Scalable Learning
 - Specifically, *Deep Graph Learning, Large Language Models*
- **Why is a CSE course?!?**
 - Hardware & Software
- **Will I really ever use this stuff again?**
 - Important knowledge for a CSE student
 - You may not become a professional guys in this field but you need know what it is, which will help you to follow this rapidly changing world.
 - GOOGLE, FACEBOOK, YOUTUBE, MICROSOFT, KINECT
- **How to succeed in this course?**
 - Attend the class and follow the slides
 - Read the related studying materials
 - Asking questions

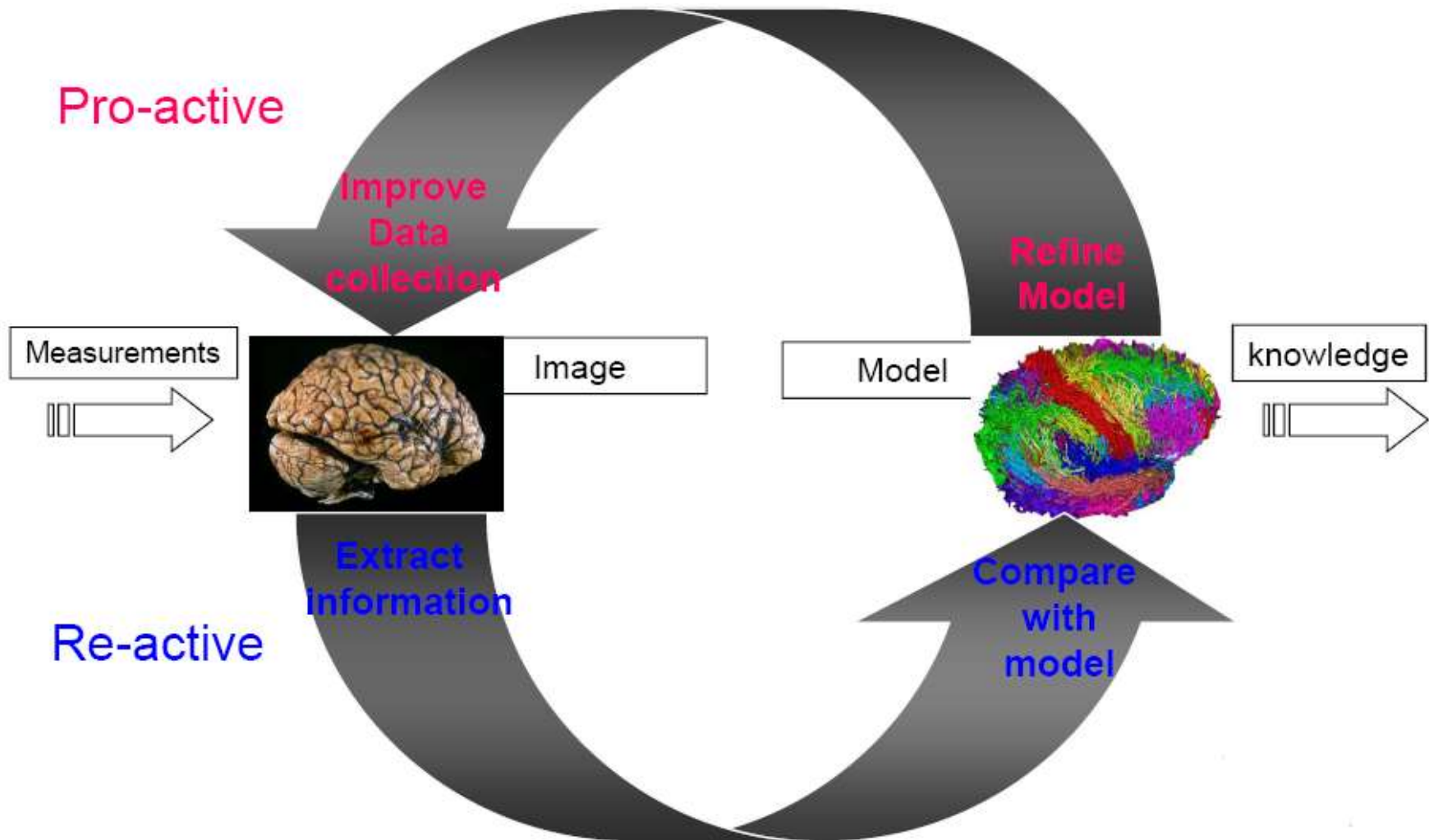


Why are you in this class?

- **Something interesting about you**
 - Why you picked your major?
 - Job and Market
- **Learn background of advanced topics**
 - Sparse learning, transfer learning, deep graph learning,
 - CNN, Transformer, Vision Transformer, ...
 - AlphaGo, AlphaFold, ChatGPT...
- **Learn the problem and techniques**
 - Learn where the problems come from
 - Learn what the related techniques to solve them
- **Prepare for understanding recent innovations**
 - Fast optimization for big data analysis
 - Image/Text/Video generation, Survival prediction, Weather forecasting, etc
 - AlphaGo, AlphaFold, ChatGPT

What is the focus?

Using computational tools to maximize information for knowledge gain



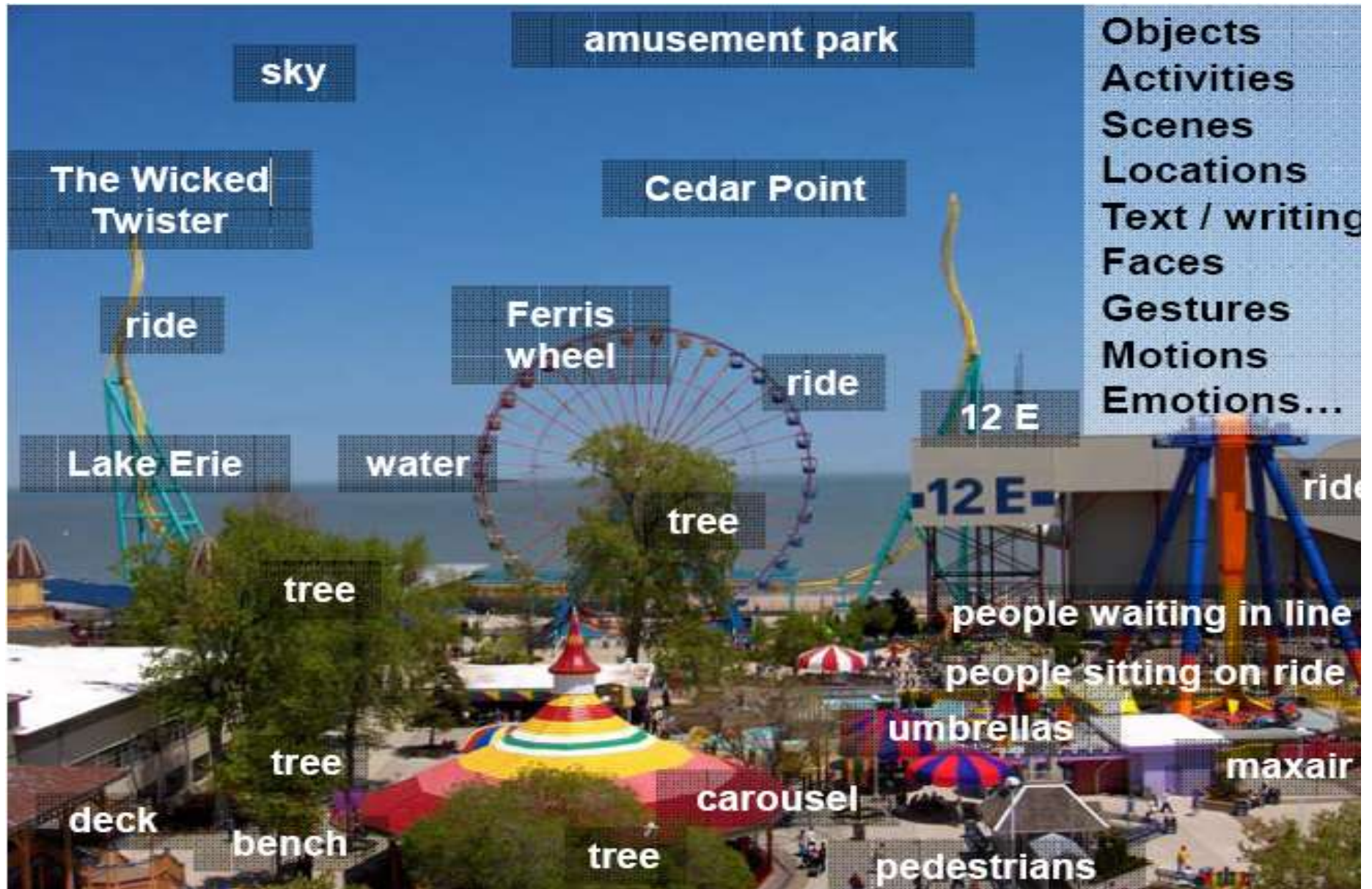
What is the goals?

- **Automatic understanding of text, images and video (data)**
 - Computing properties of the 3D world – from visual data (measurement)
 - Algorithms and representations to allow a machine to recognize objects, people, scenes, and activities. (perception and interpretation)
 - Algorithms to mine, search, and interact with visual data (search and organization)

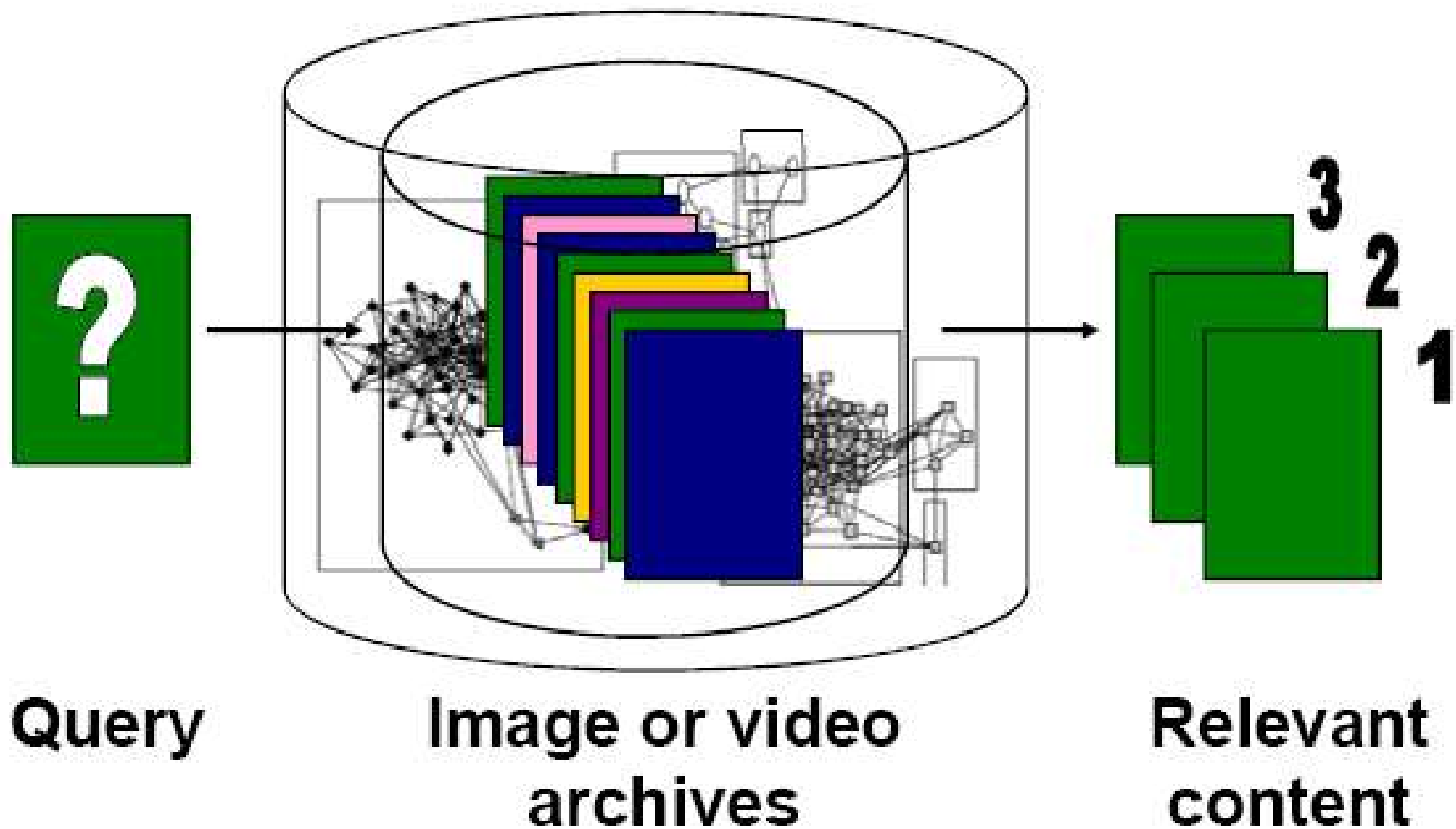
Measurement



Perception and Interpretation



Searching and Recognition



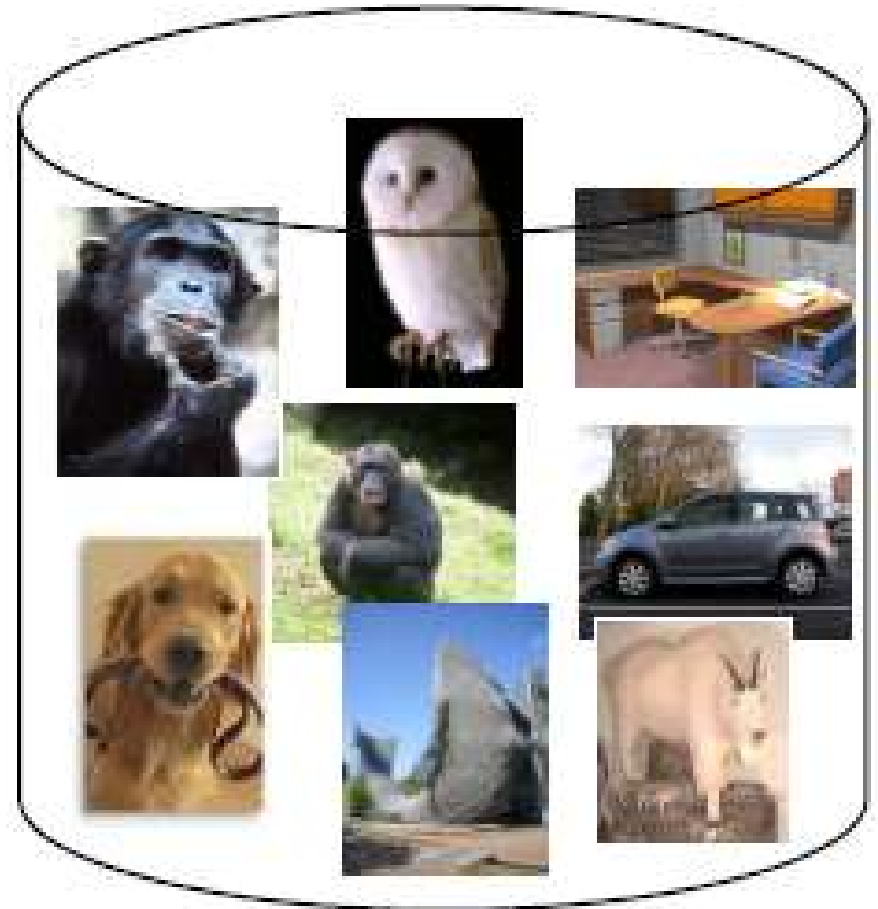
Searching and Recognition



- **A fundamental part of perception**
 - Robots,
 - Autonomous agents,
 - intelligent system
 - For example: Kinect game system
- **Organize and give access to visual content**
 - Connect to information
 - Detect trends and themes
 - Make prediction and avoid risk

Motivation

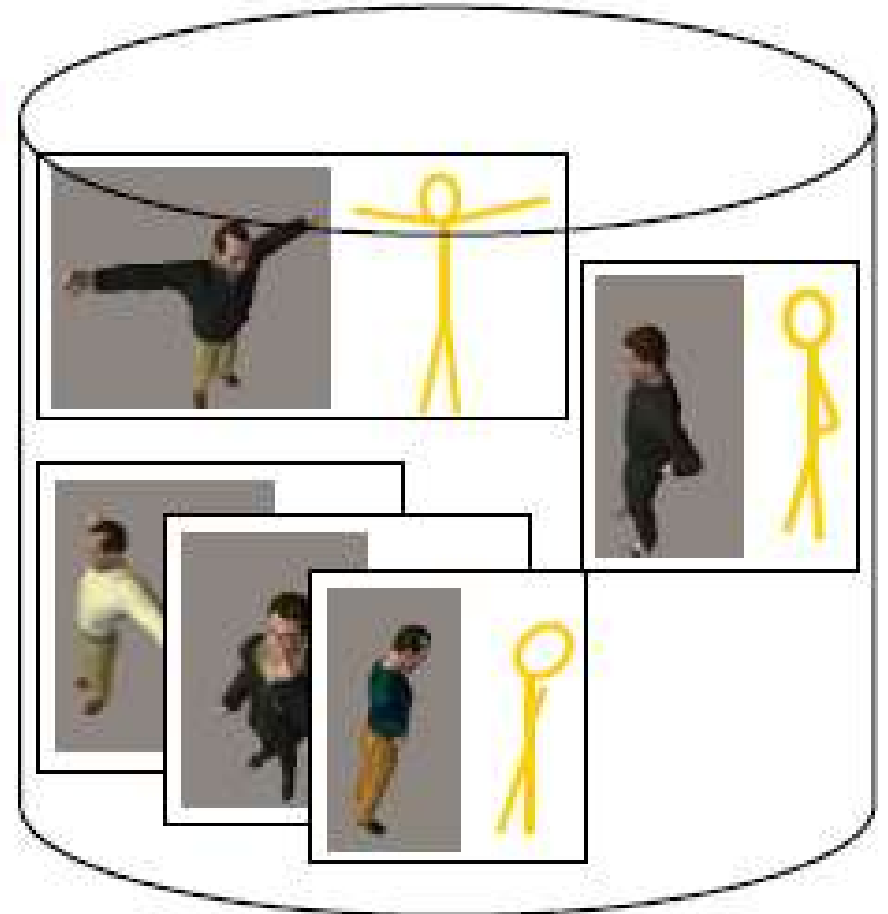
Object categorization



http://www.cs.utexas.edu/~grauman/slides/jain_et_al_cvpr2008.ppt

Motivation

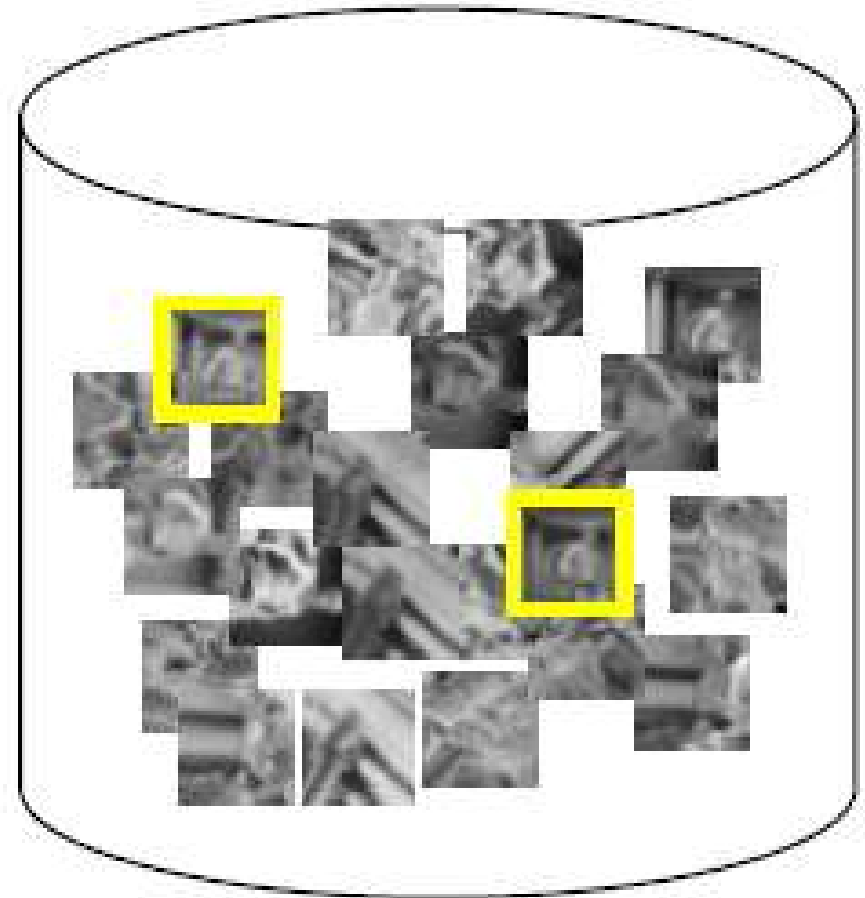
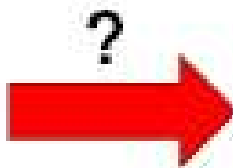
Example-based pose estimation



http://www.cs.utexas.edu/~grauman/slides/jain_et_al_cvpr2008.ppt

Motivation

Structure from Motion



http://www.cs.utexas.edu/~grauman/slides/jain_et_al_cvpr2008.ppt

Scalable Searching via Learning?



Big Data in the Wild



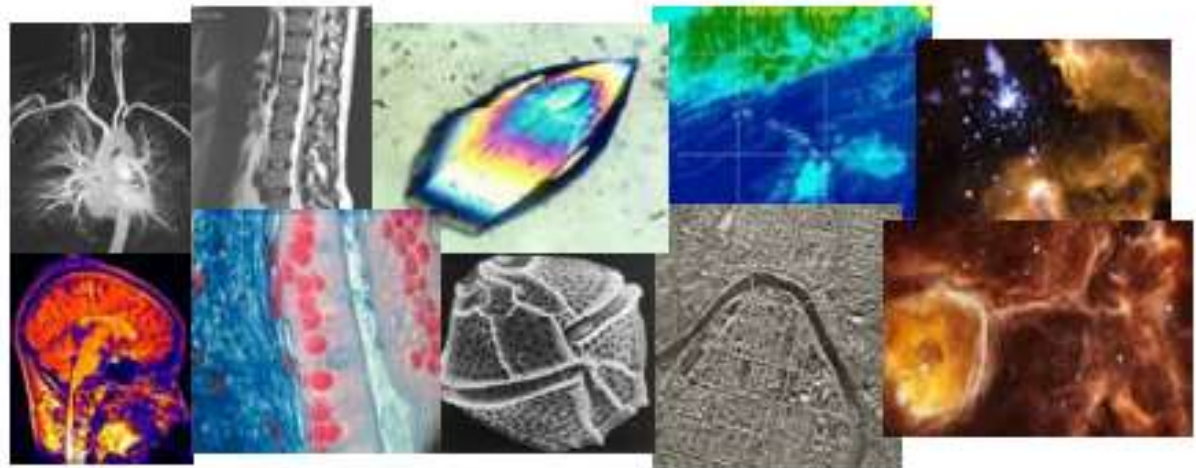
Personal photo albums



Movies, news, sports



Surveillance and security



Medical and scientific images

[L. Lazebnik]



Big Data in the Wild



How machine detect objects?



<http://www.darpa.mil/grandchallenge/gallery.asp>

Mobile Computing

Situated search
Yeh et al., MIT



MSR Lincoln



kooba

Searching in Shopping

like visual shopping engine

ALL SHOES BAGS MEN'S APPAREL WOMEN'S APPAREL BAGS ACCESSORIES JEWELRY & WATCHES HOLIDAY TEXTILE HOME

Women's Shoes Search

Refine by Style: Pumps, Sandals, Flats, etc.

Refine by Color: black, white, red, etc.

Refine by Brand: Clarks, etc.

Why is Like.com Different?
Like is a visual shopping engine that lets you find items by color, shape and pattern.
Click on [Discover Items](#) to get started

Search Results: Results 1 - 29 of 140,207

Sort By: [Likeness](#) [Price](#) [Change Your View](#)

Colle Haan - Carma OT Air Pump
\$278.95
Shop at [Zappos.com](#)

Natural Comfort - LV58
\$99.95
Shop at [Zappos.com](#)

Colle Haan 'Carma Air' Patent Leather Open Toe Pump
\$275.00
Shop at [Nordstrom.com](#)

map - Catbye
\$88.95
Shop at [Zappos.com](#)

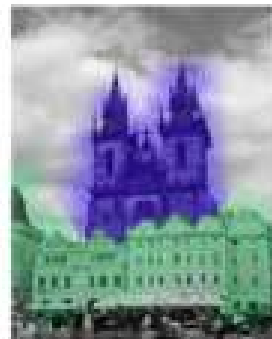
<http://www.cs.utexas.edu/~grauman/>



Exploring community photo collections



Snaveley et al.



Simon & Seitz / <http://www.cs.utexas.edu/~grauman/>

Pattern Discovery



Objects Sivic & Zisserman



Categories Lee & Grauman

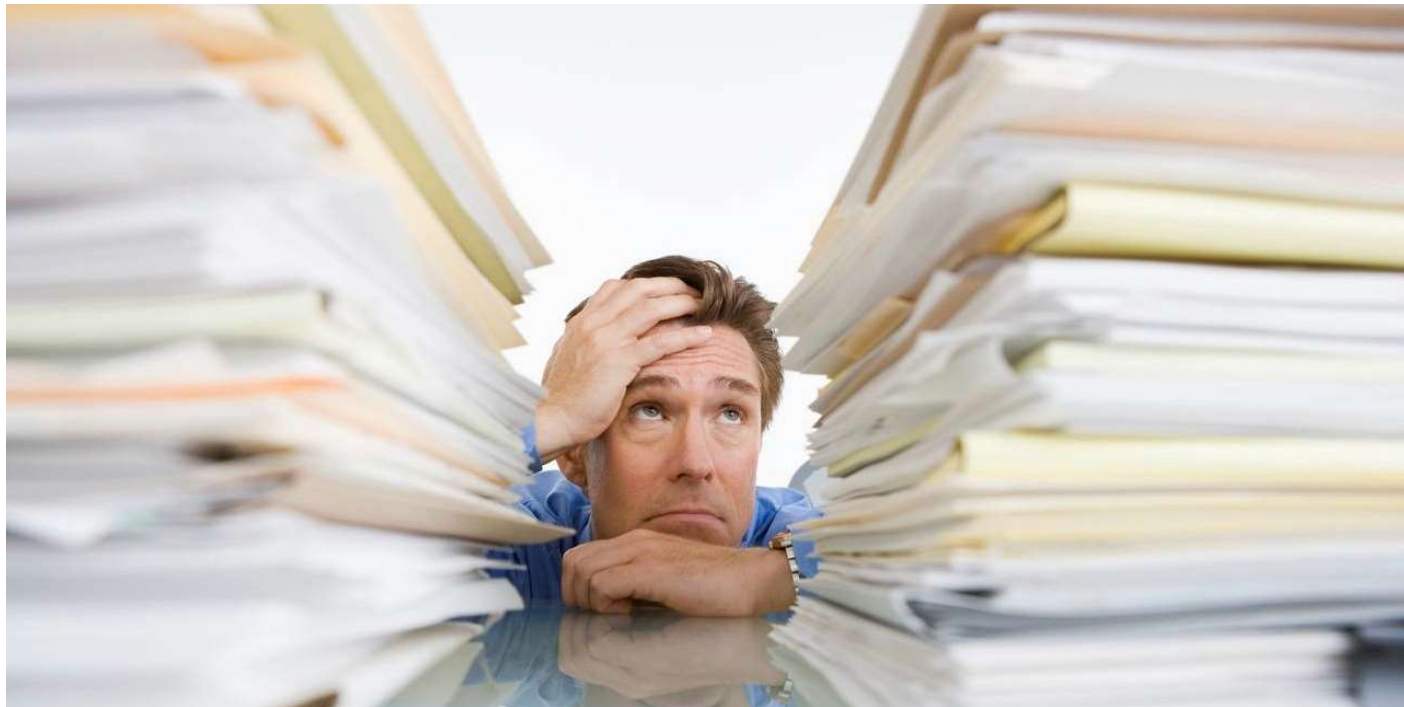


Actions Wang et al.

<http://www.cs.utexas.edu/~grauman/>



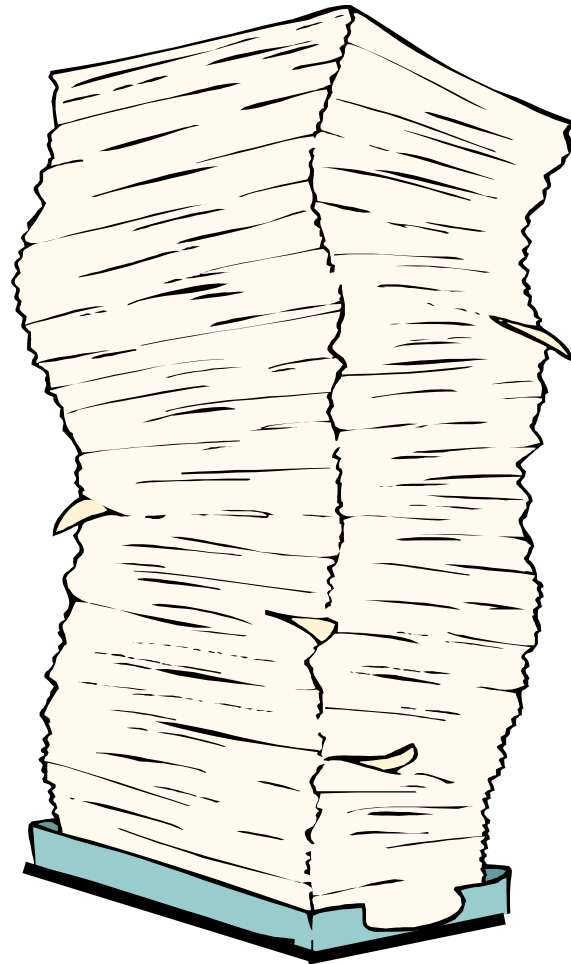
Why Challenge?



Motivation: Scalable Searching

50 Thousand Images

4m



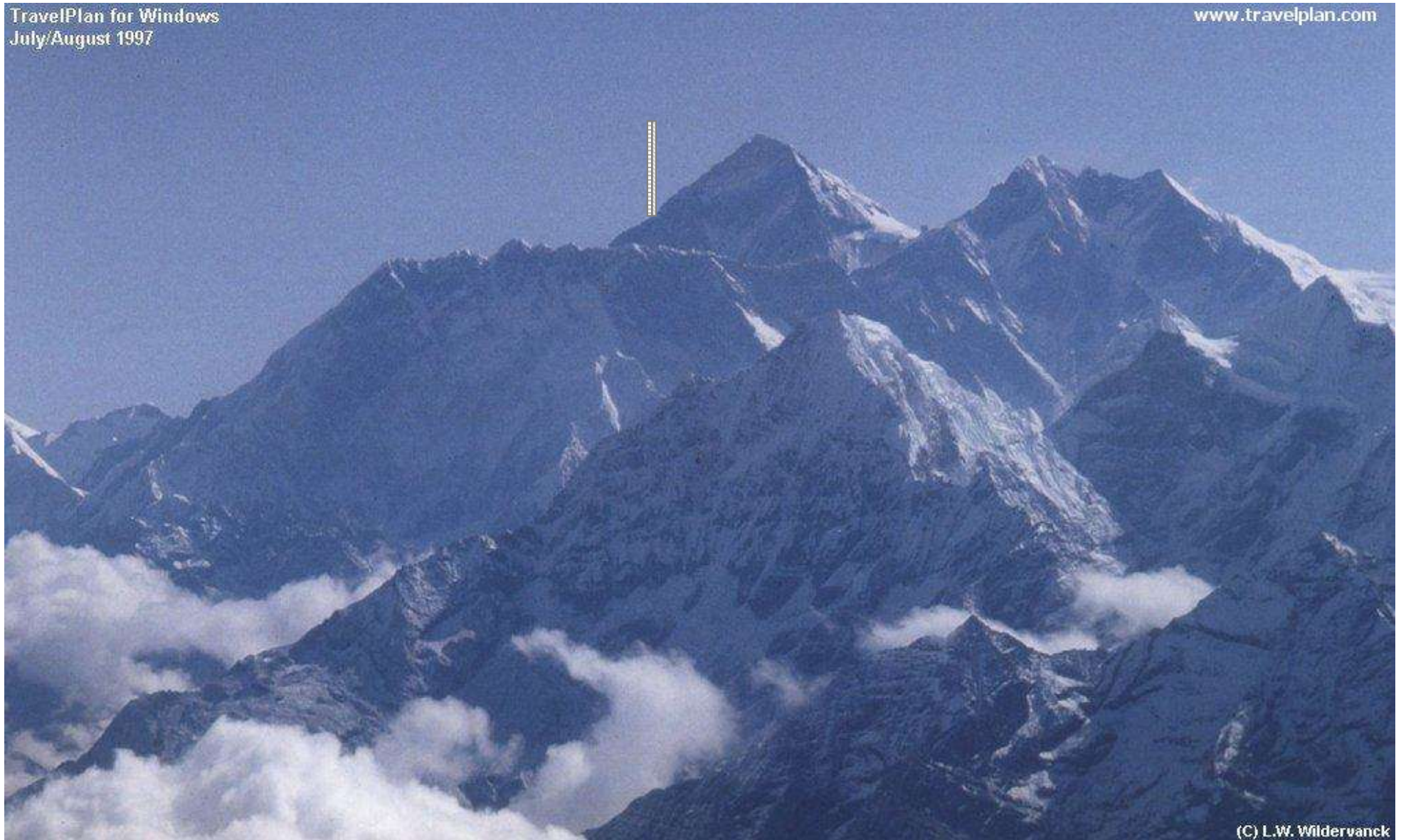
Motivation: Scalable Searching



Motivation:



Motivation: Scalable Searching



Scalable Searching and Optimization

10 Billion Images in 1 Seconds



Summary of Challenges

- **Data Complexity**

- Billions of images indexed by Google Image Search
- Millions of videos every day
- Thousands to millions of pixels in an image
- 3,000-30,000 human recognizable object categories
- 30+ degrees of freedom in the pose of articulated objects (humans)
- 18 billion+ prints produced from digital camera images in 2004
- 295.5 million camera phones sold in 2005
- About half of the cerebral cortex in primates is devoted to processing visual information [Felleman and van Essen 1991]

- **Computational Complexity**

- How to search interested data in a blink?



What We have?



Text based Searching

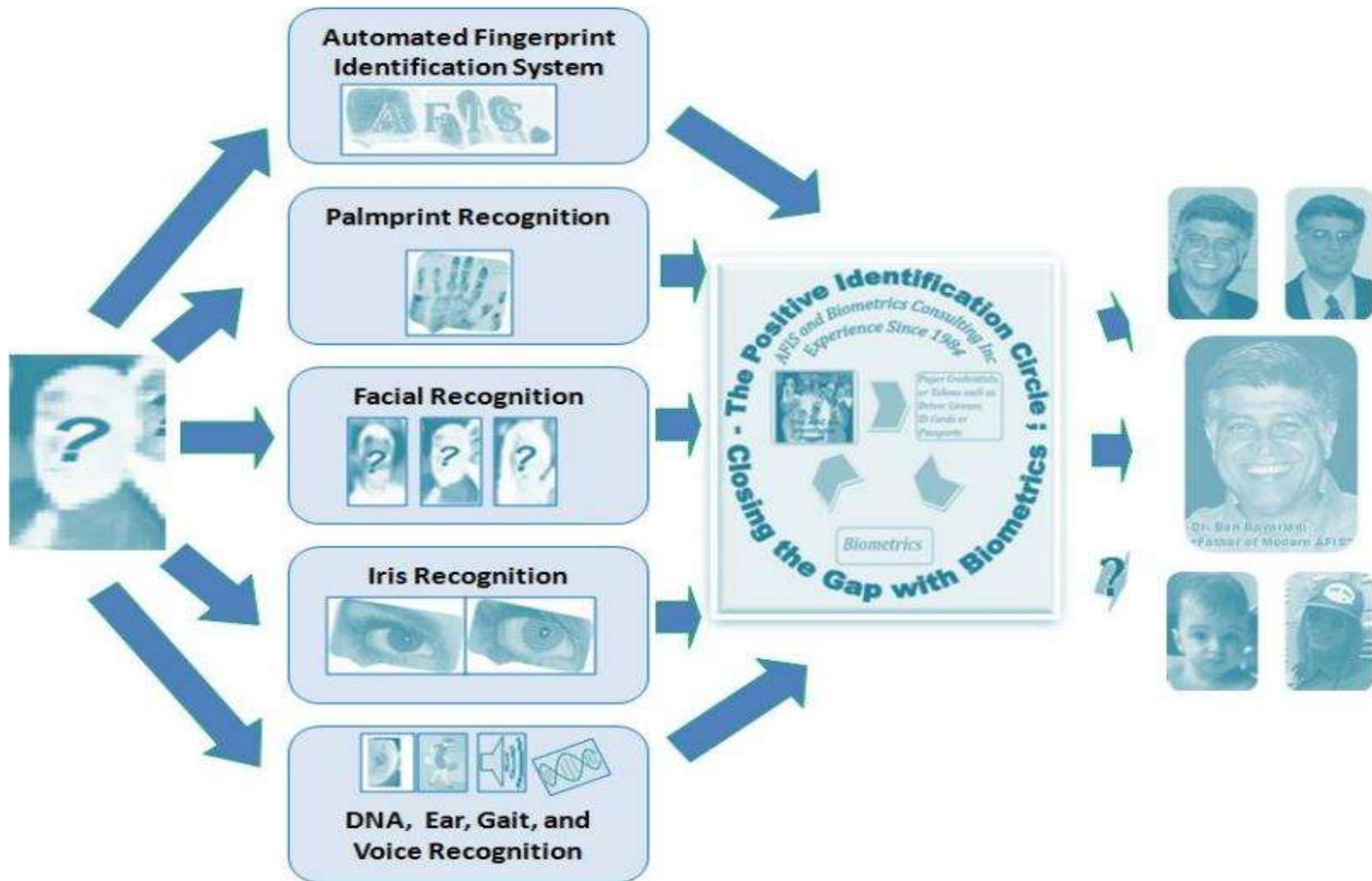
- Text-based multimedia search
 - File IDs, Keywords, Captions



Searching and Recognition



Searching and Recognition



Searching and Recognition



Searching and Recognition



Course Goals

- **Teaching Goals**

- Introduction to the mathematical, statistic and computational principles underlying modern learning, searching, imaging, and vision systems.
- Fundamentals of machine learning techniques as well as more general concepts required for them
- Popular algorithms/techniques in machine learning as well as applications of these learning algorithms/techniques to data mining, computer vision, medical image analysis, bioinformatics, et al.
- Application-driven and includes newly emerged topics in learning, imaging and vision.
- Selected hot topics relating to the emerging random theory and machine learning techniques.

Course Expectation

- **What to expect from the course:**
 - Will cover key issues and concepts in class..
 - A mid-term exam and a final exam (None)
 - Paper Reading
- **What do I expect of you:**
 - Come to class
 - Read the papers (Listening to me or presenters is not good enough)
 - Work through the problems in the papers (not really homework... but it helps)
 - Ask questions (**IMPORTANT**)

How to read and review research papers?

- Brief (2-3 sentences) summary: what is the problem?
- What is the background the problem?
- What are the STOA methods to solve the problem?
- What is the proposed solution in this paper?
- What is the main contribution of the proposed solution?
- Strengths? Weaknesses?
- How convincing are the experiments?
- Suggestions to improve them?
- Extensions?
- Additional comments, unclear points
- Relationships between different papers



Presentation Guide

- **Procedure**
 - Read the selected papers that you are interested in
 - Prepare for a well talk about 60 minutes
 - Answer questions, ~15 minutes
- **What should be included**
 - Problem overview, motivation, background
 - STOAs
 - Algorithm explanation, technical details
 - Contribution? Novelty?
 - What kinds of experiment conducted?
 - Any similarity and dissimilarity between techniques in the papers
 - Weakness, why? Strong, why?
 - Any possible extension

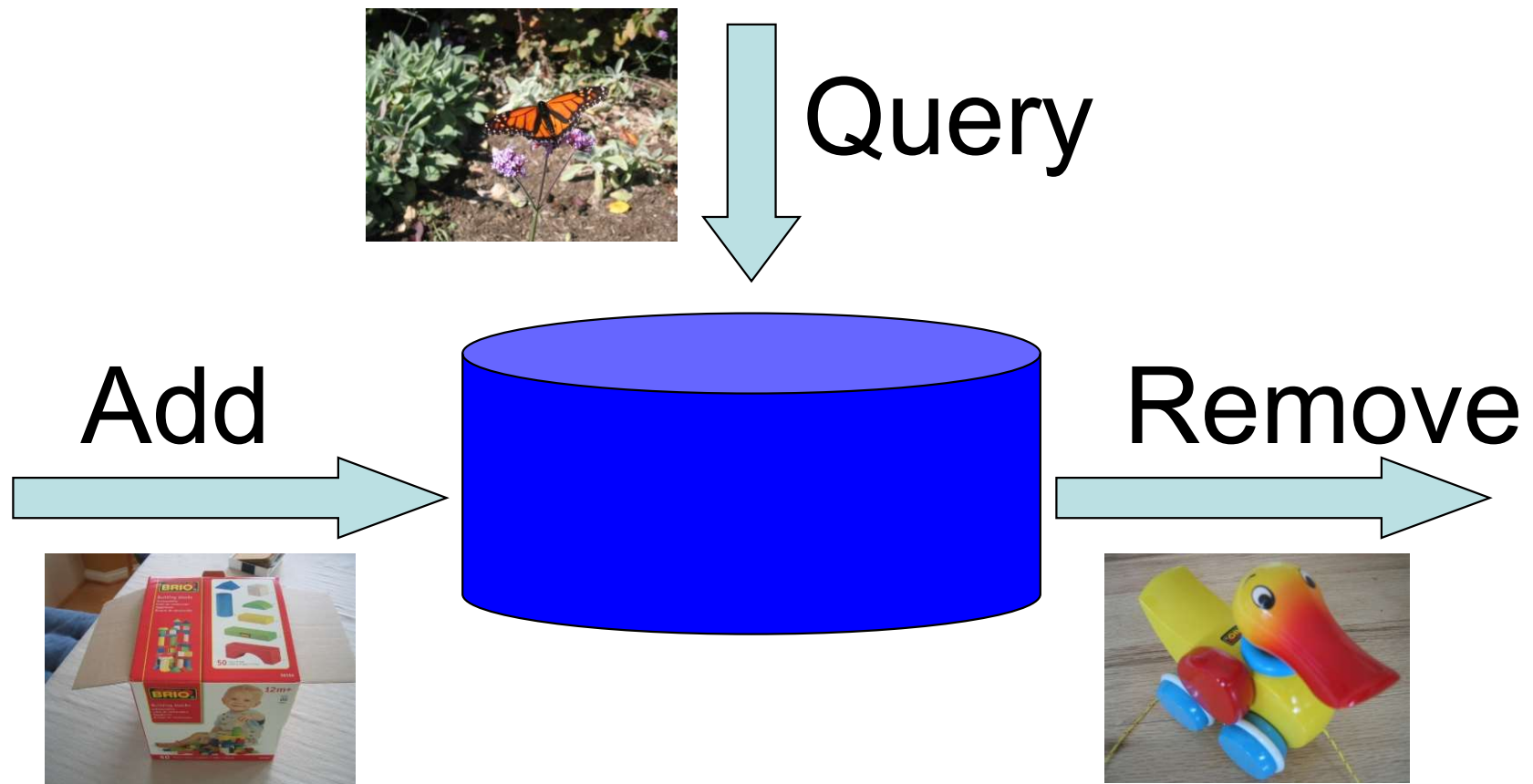
Quick Tour



Scalable Search and Recognition via Vocabulary Tree

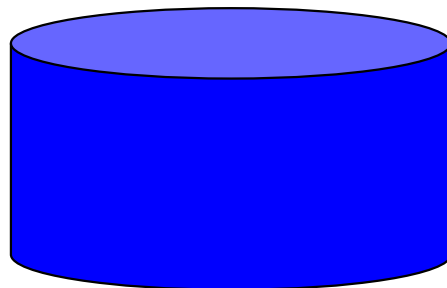
<http://vis.uky.edu/~stewe/>

Adding, Querying and Removing Images

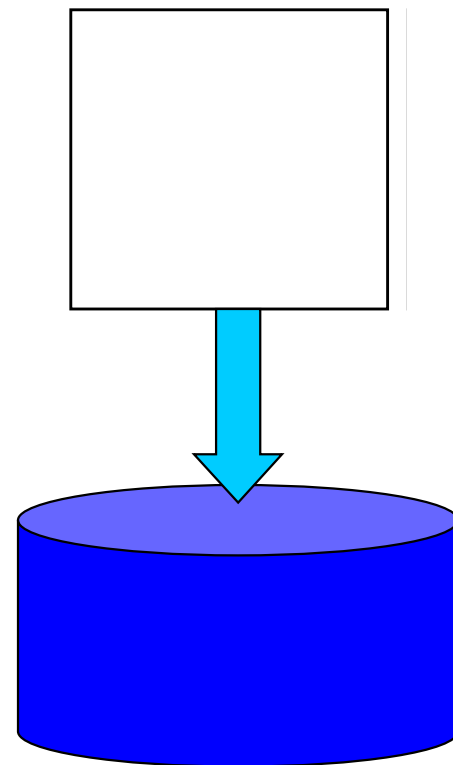


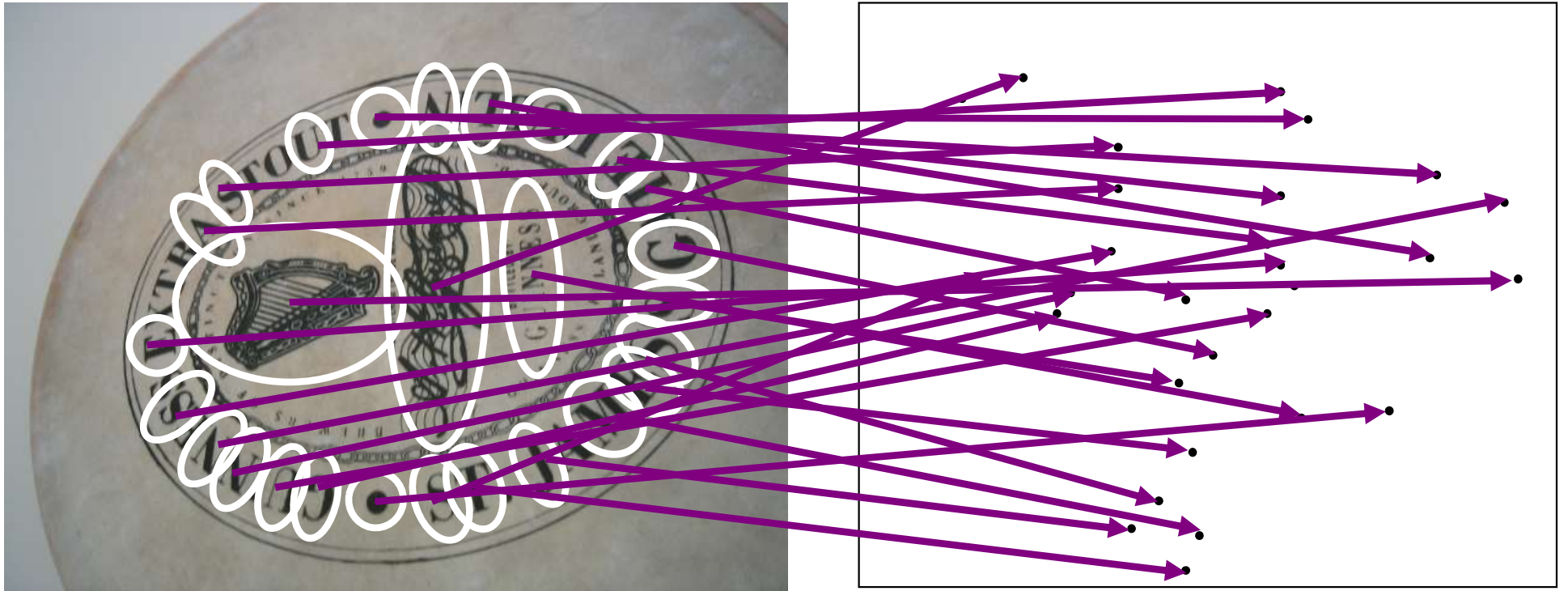
Training and Addition are Separate

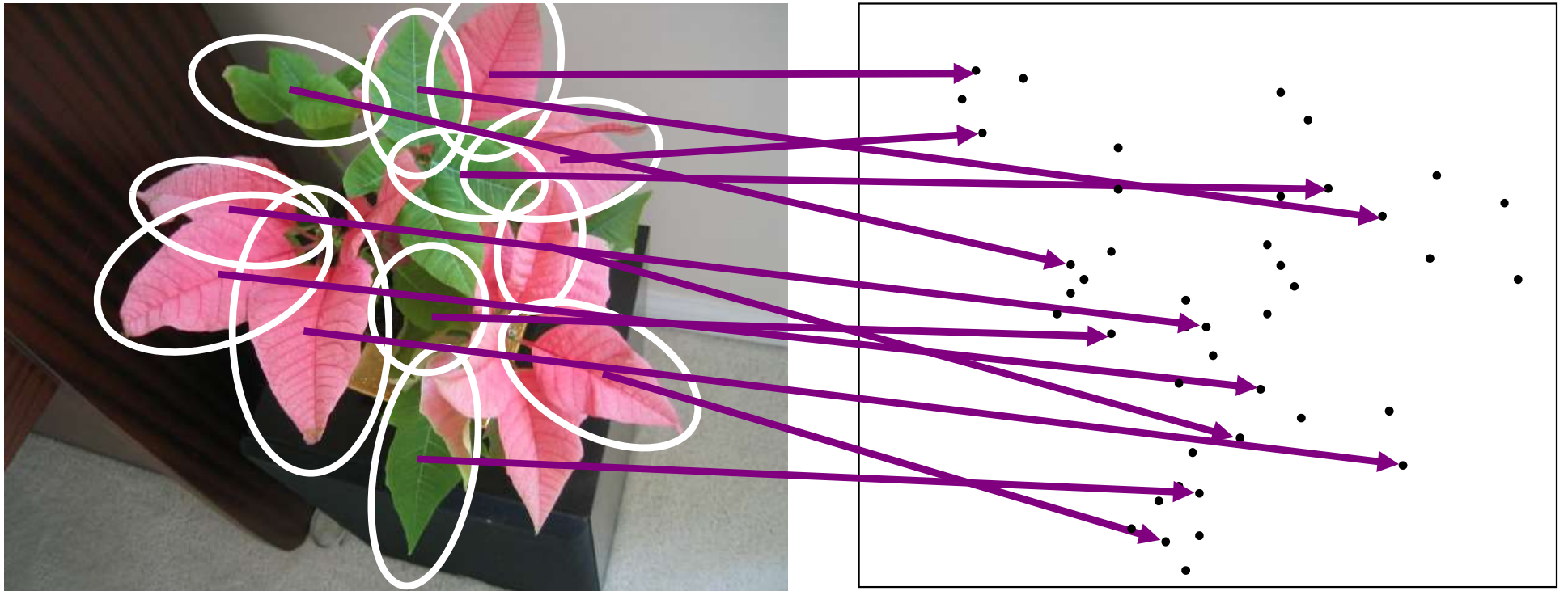
Common Approach

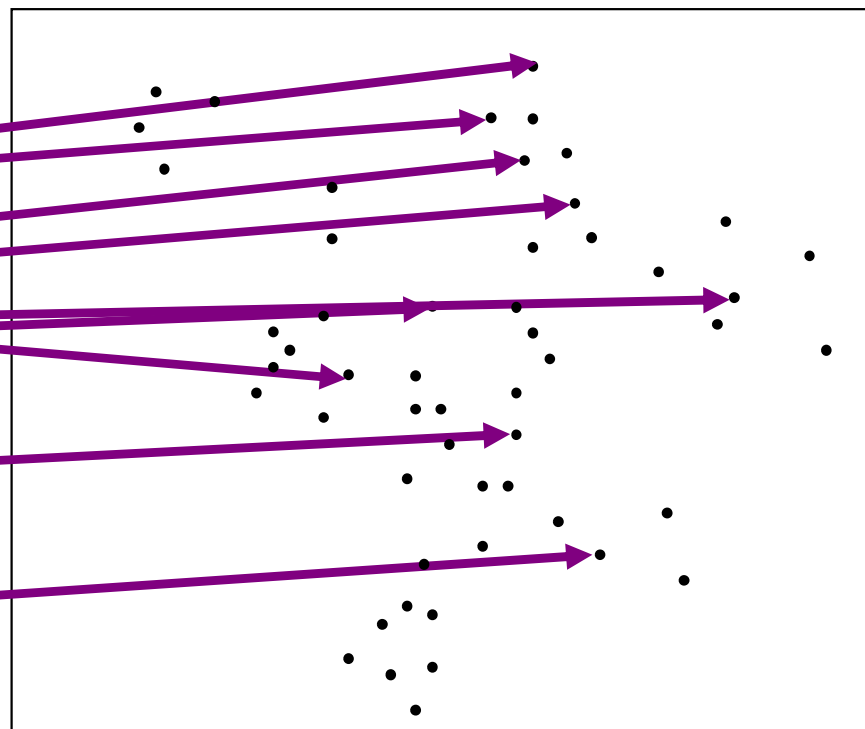
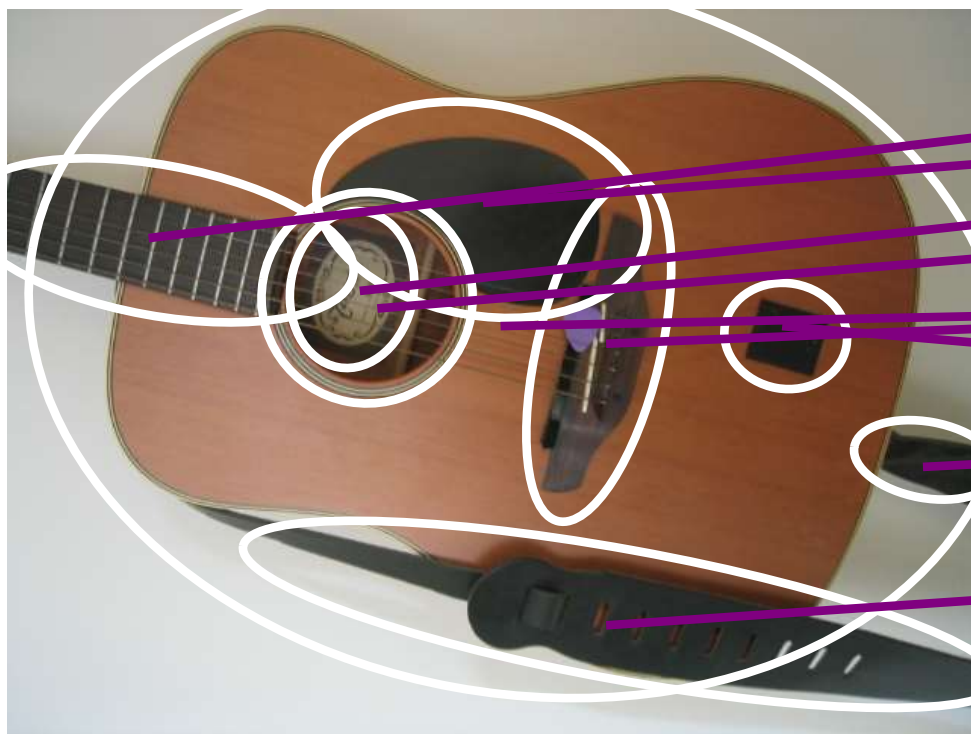


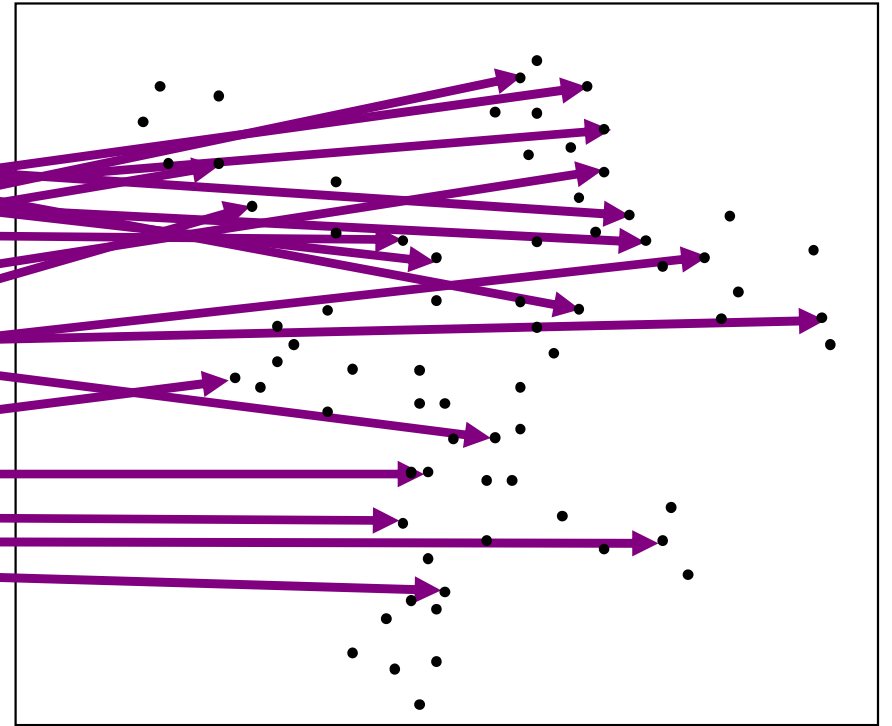
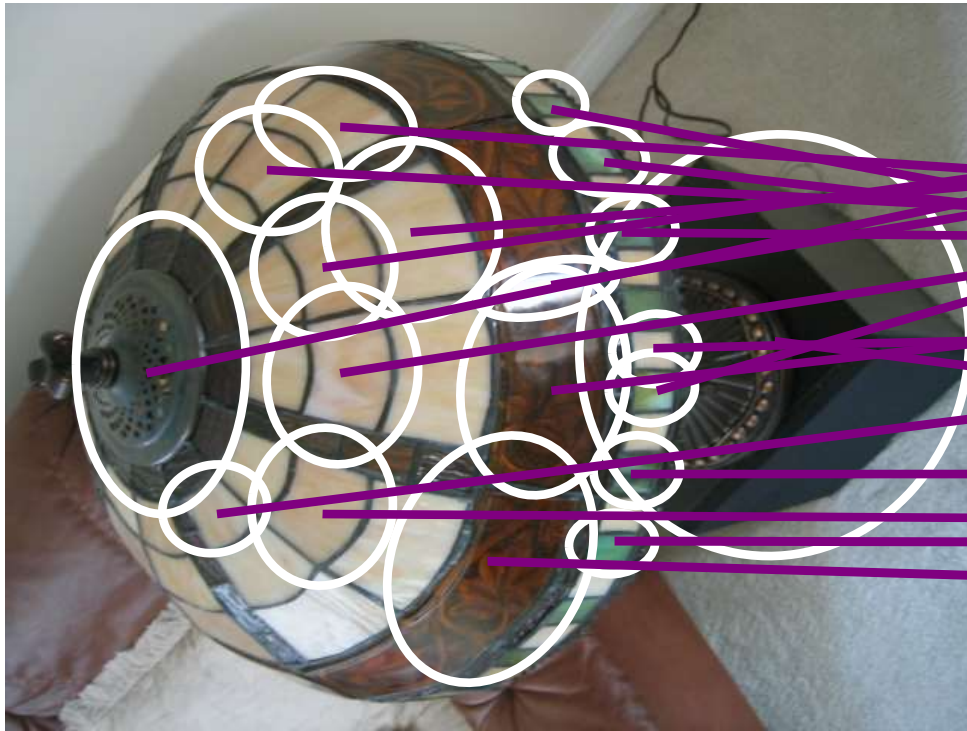
Scalable approach

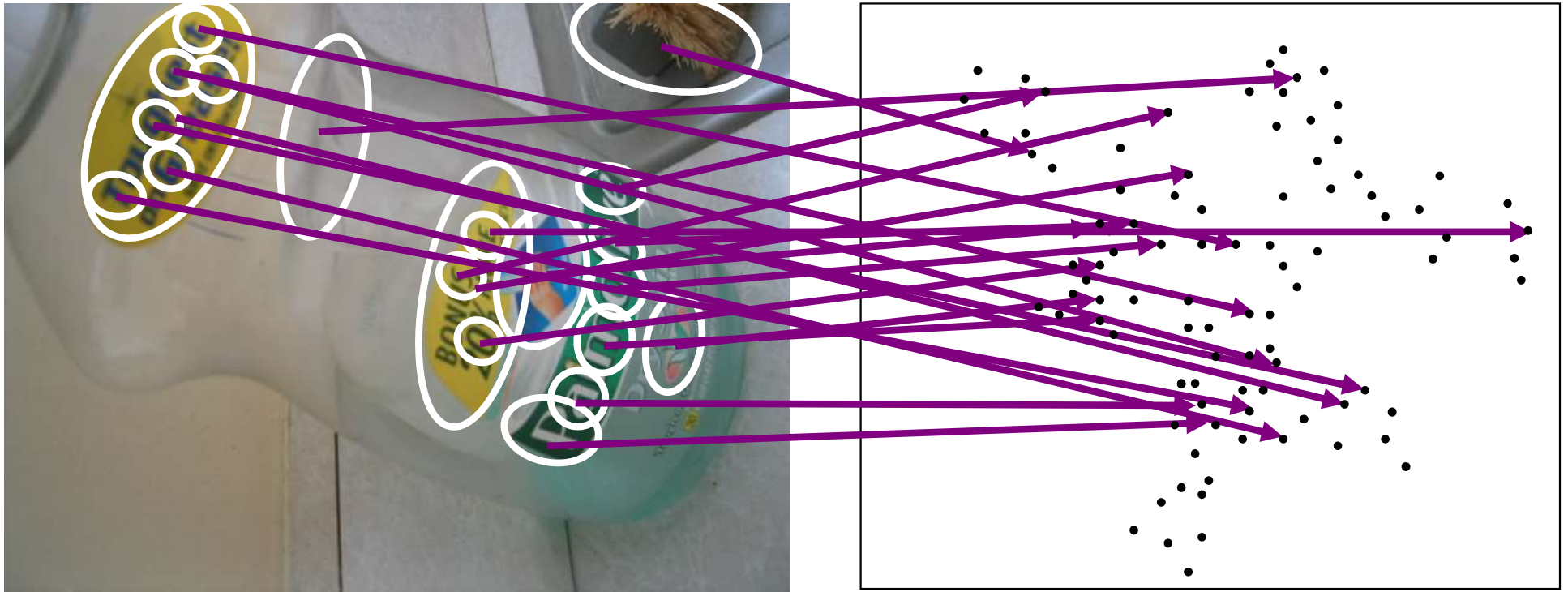


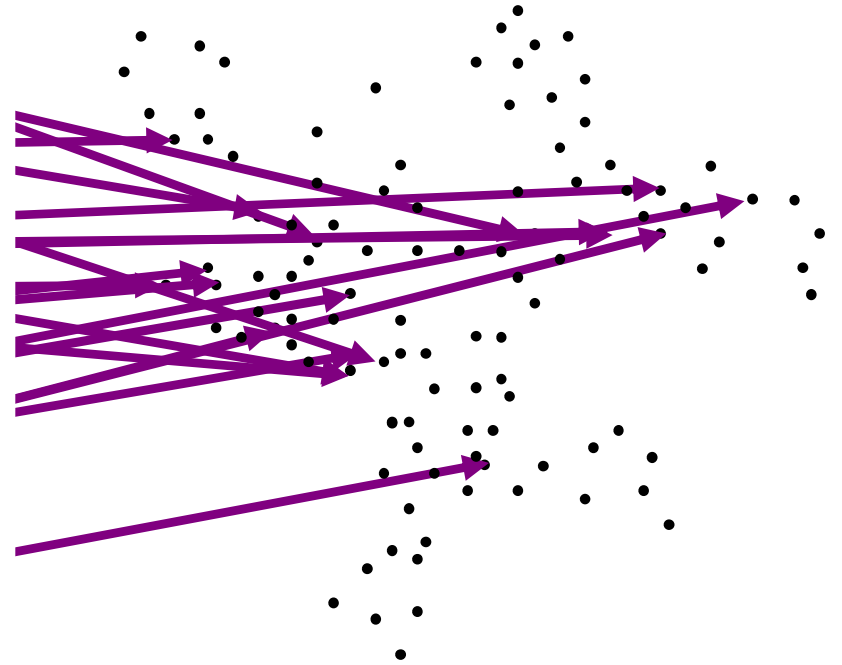


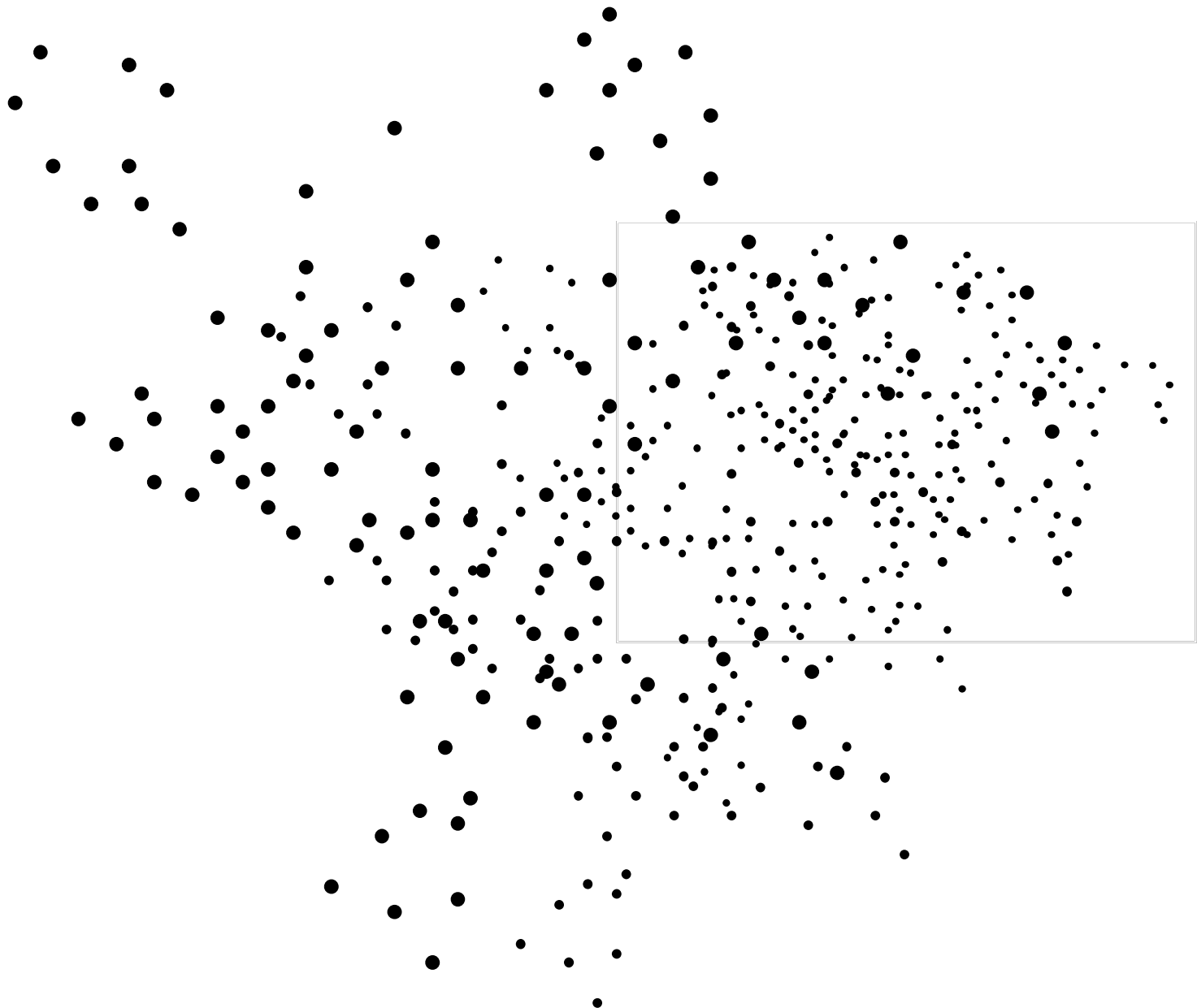


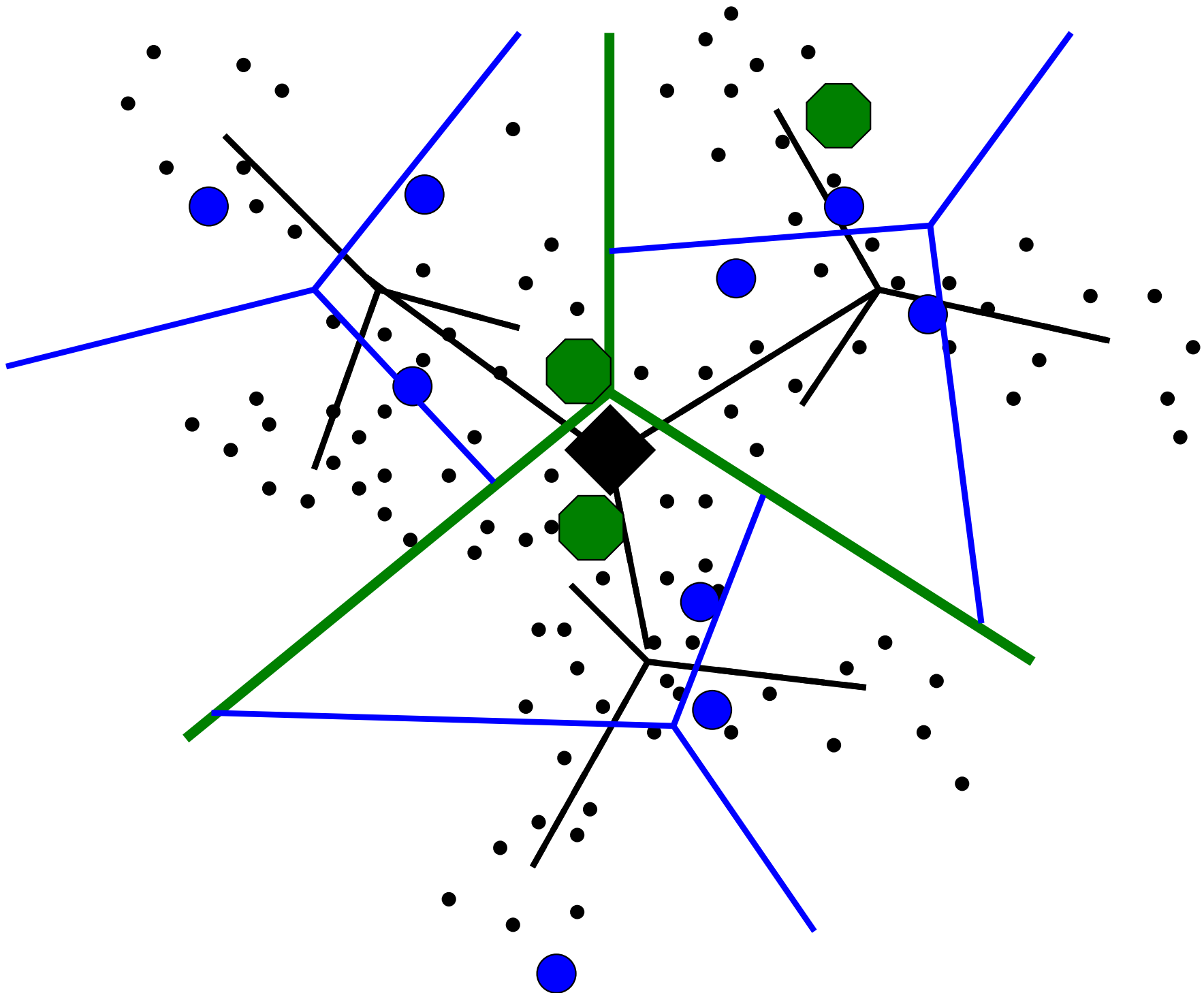


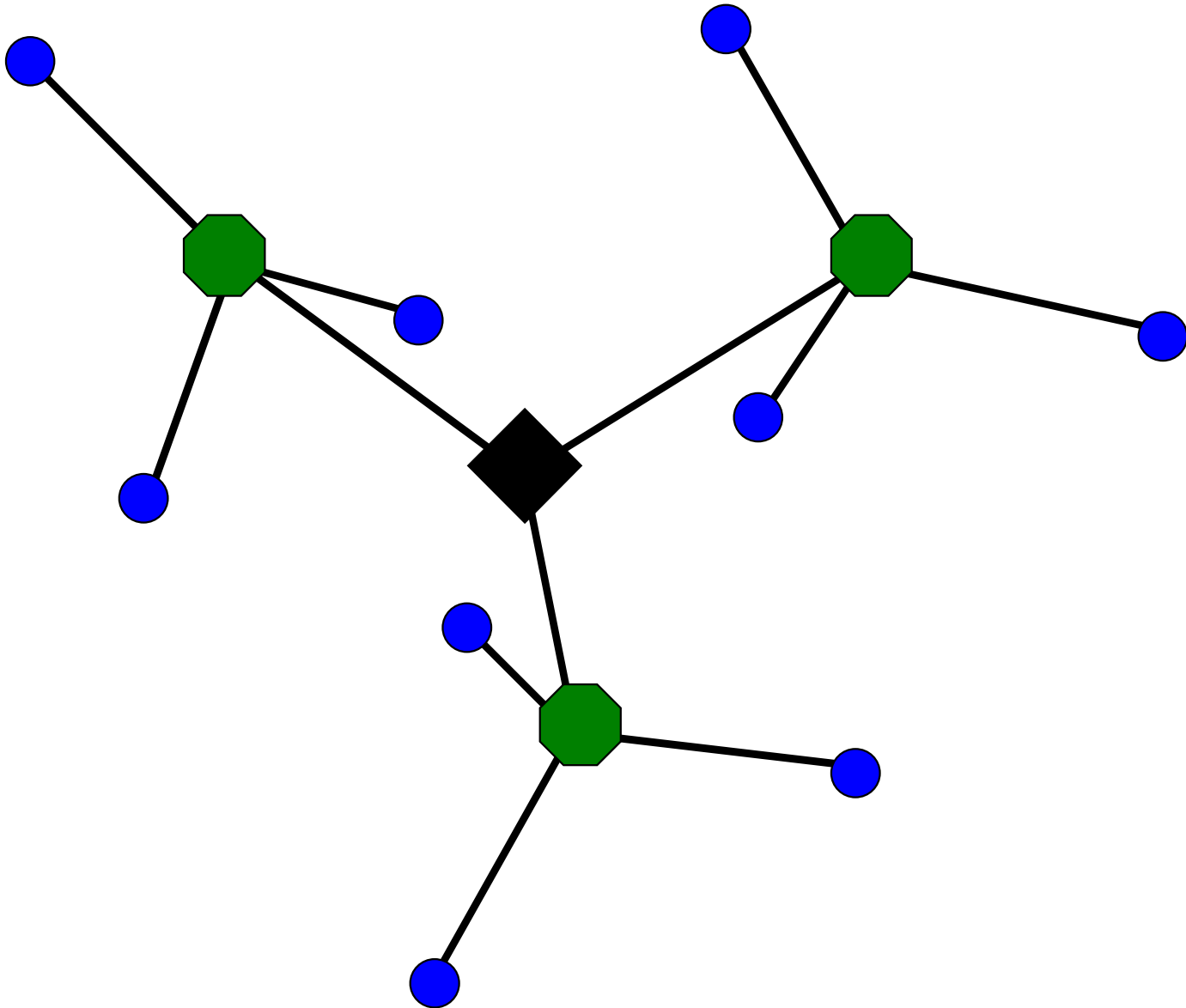


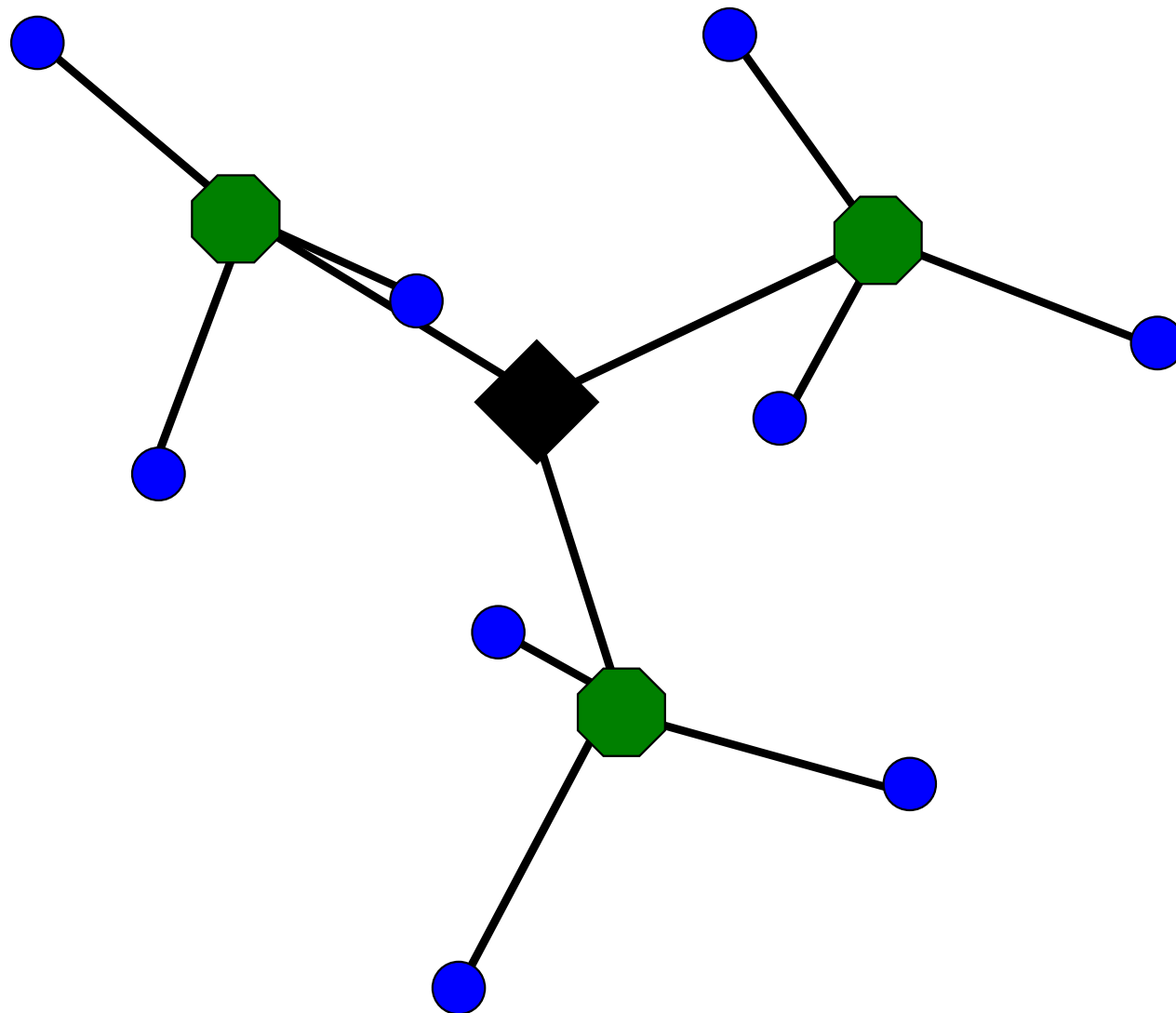


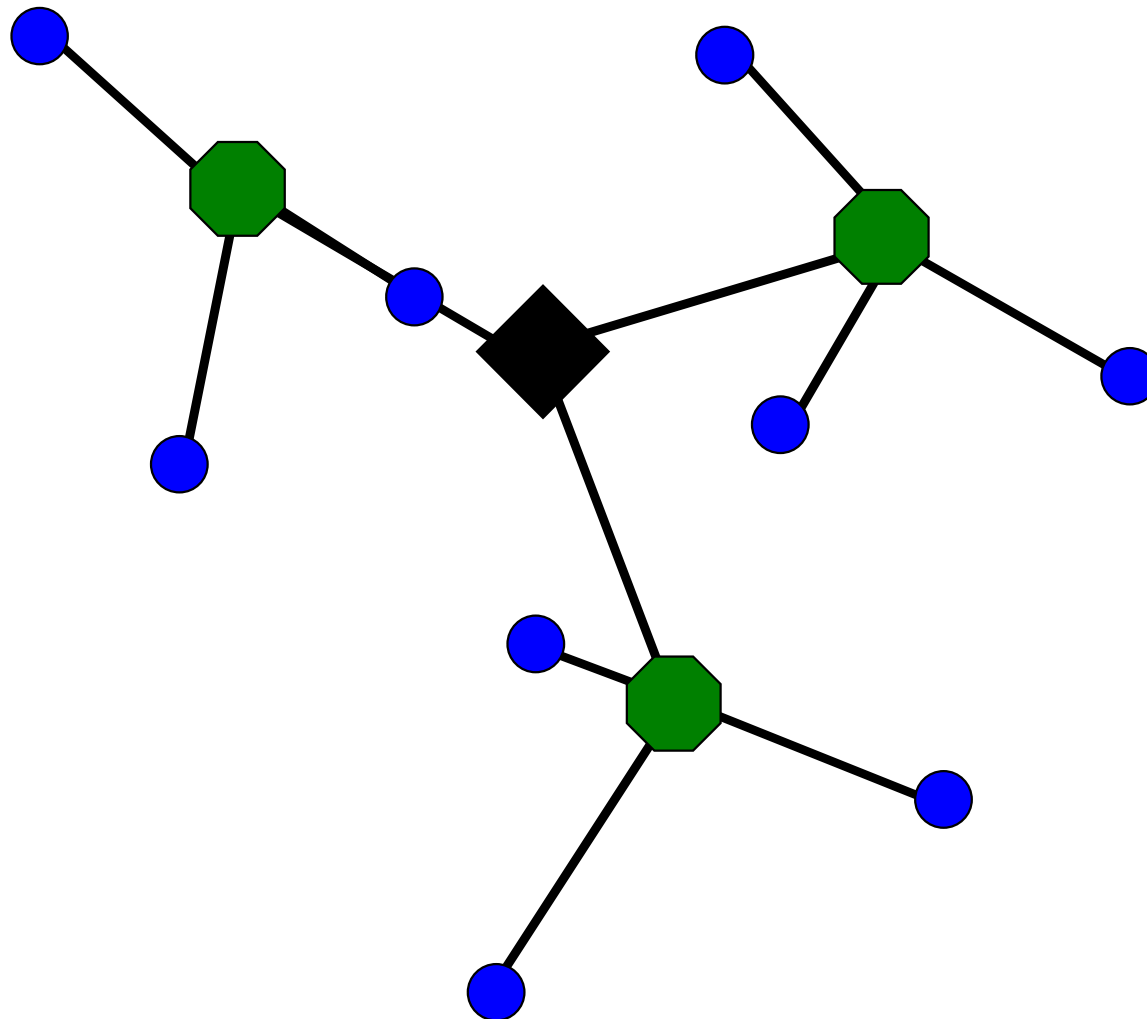


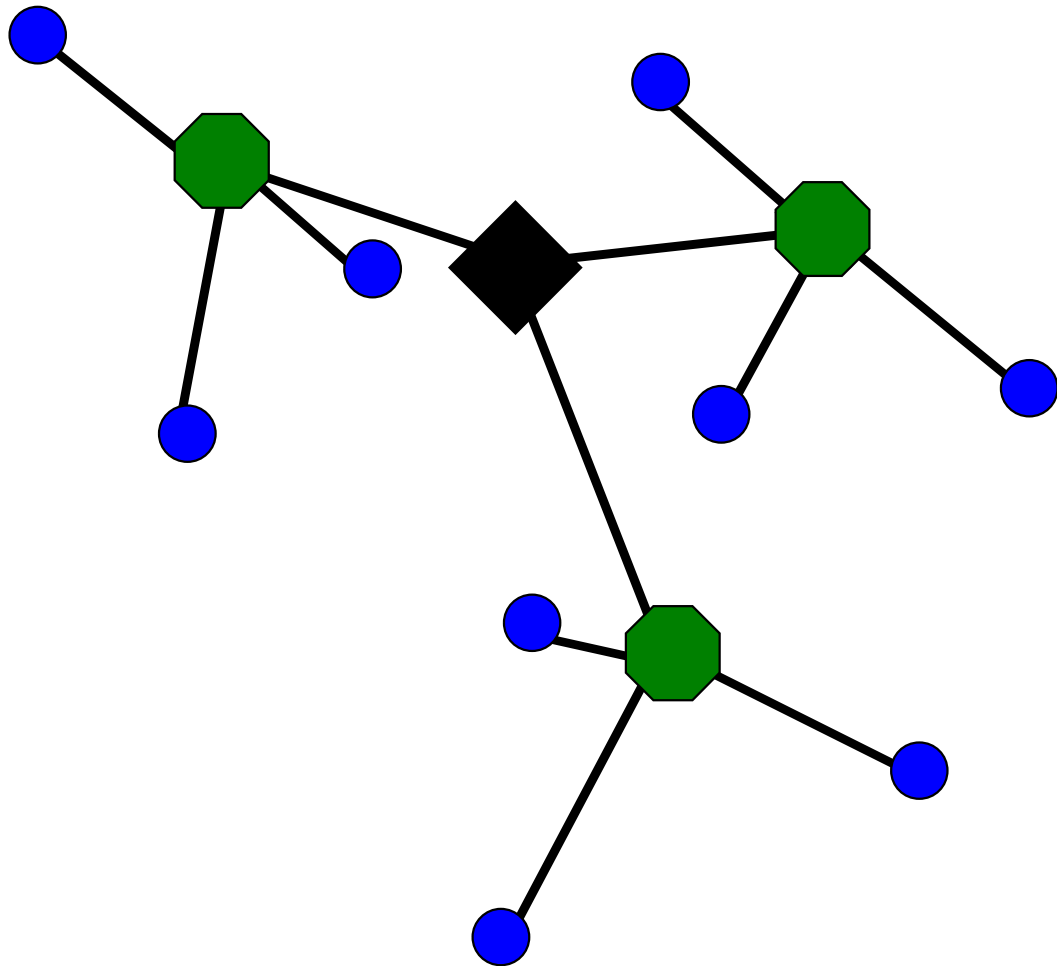


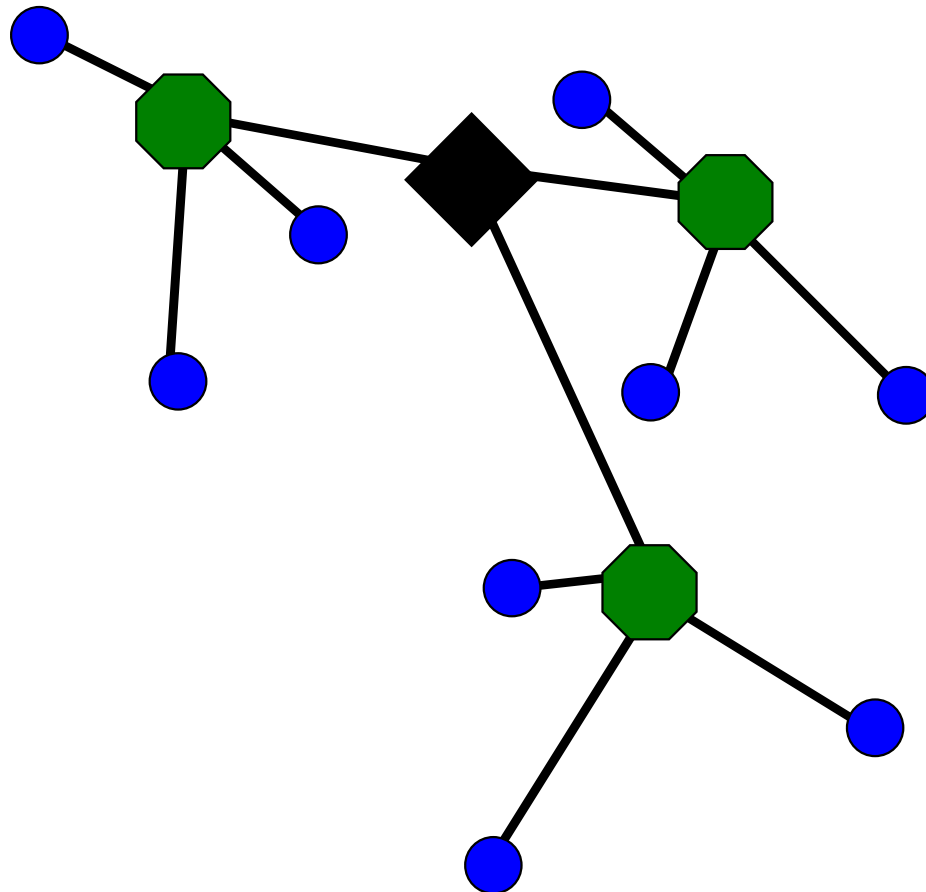


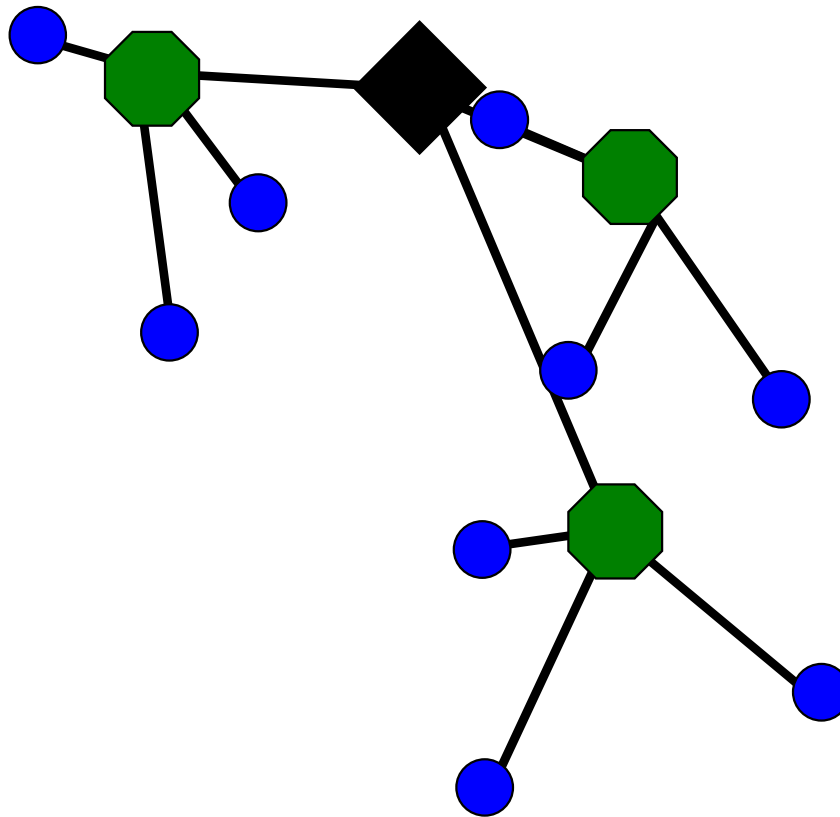


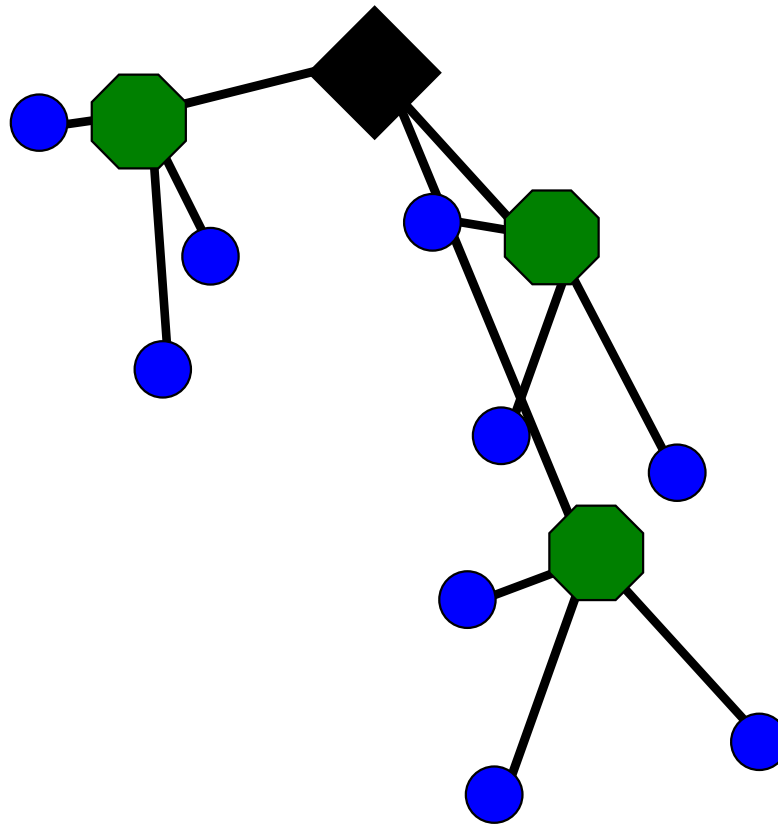


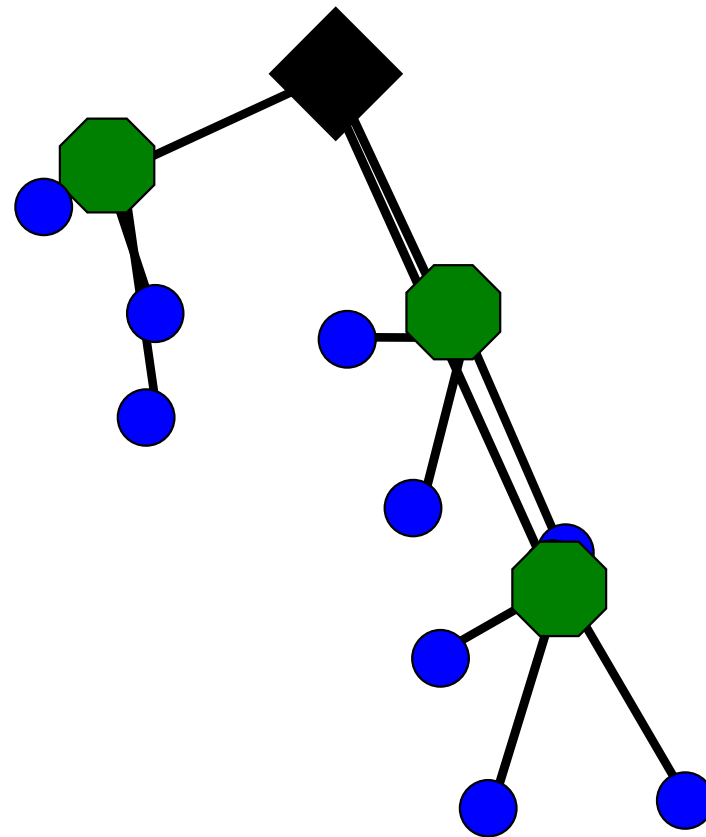


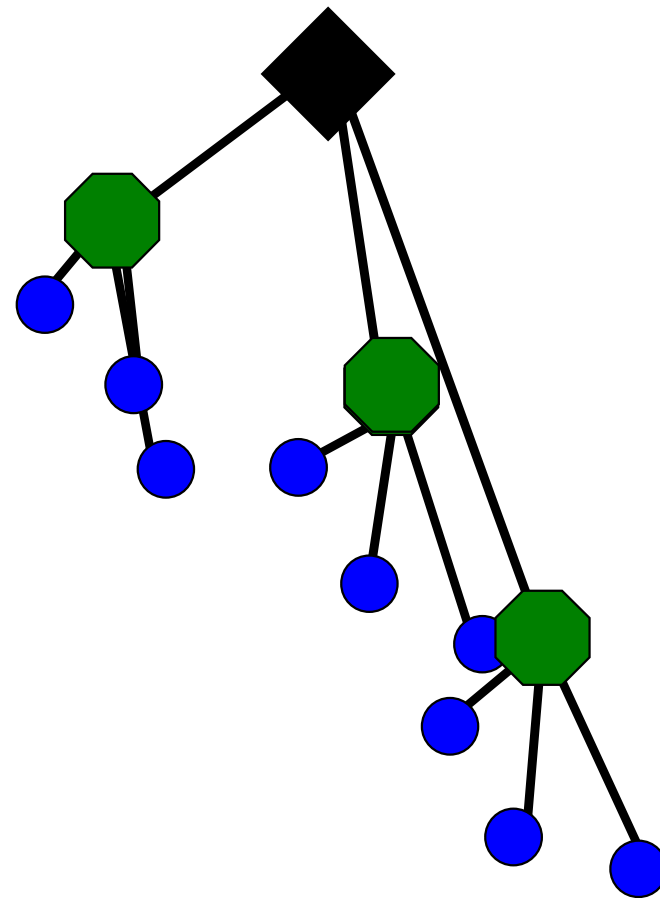


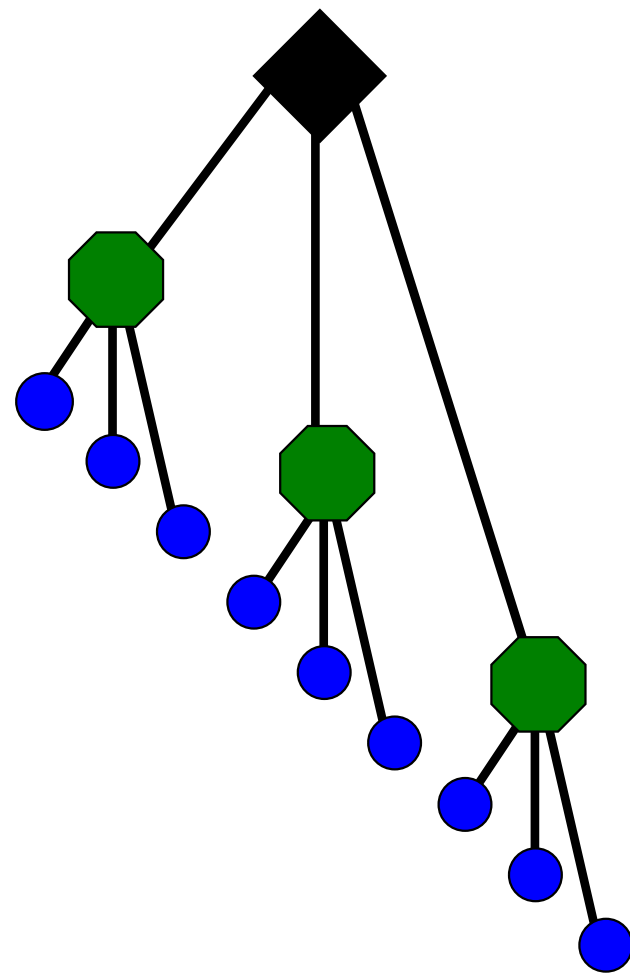


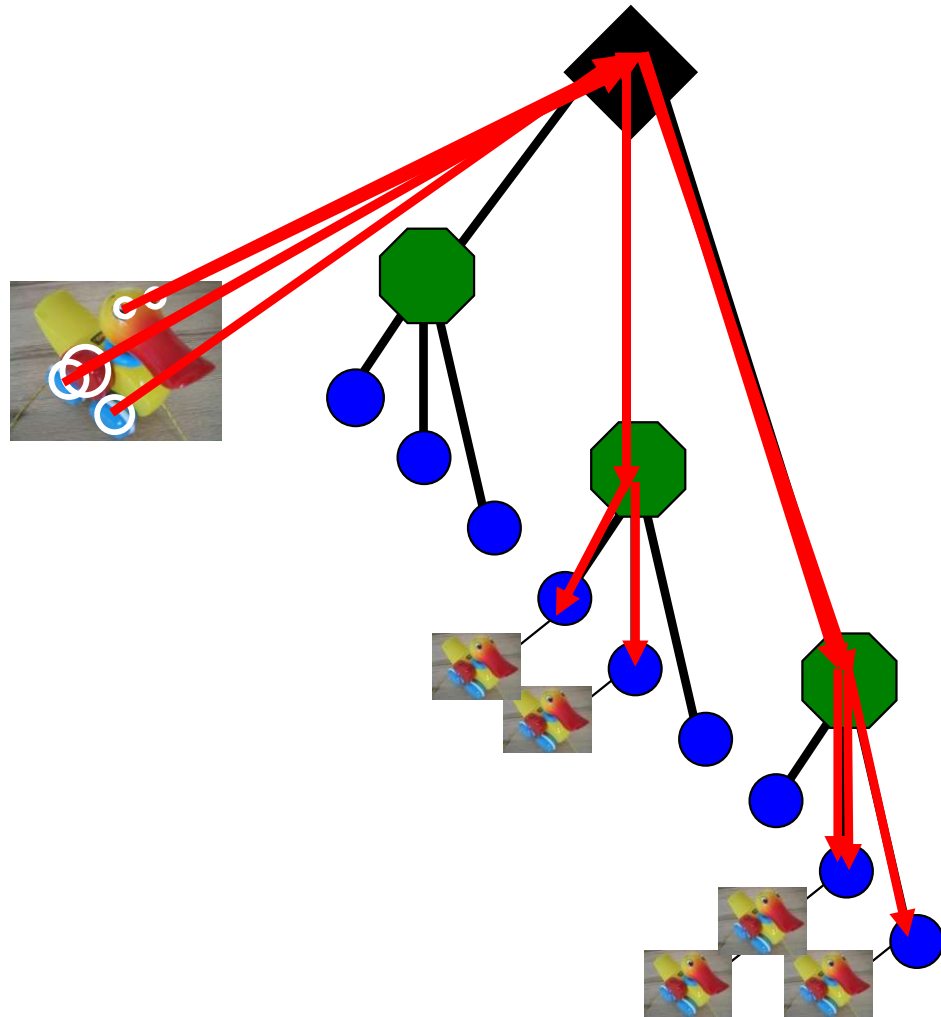




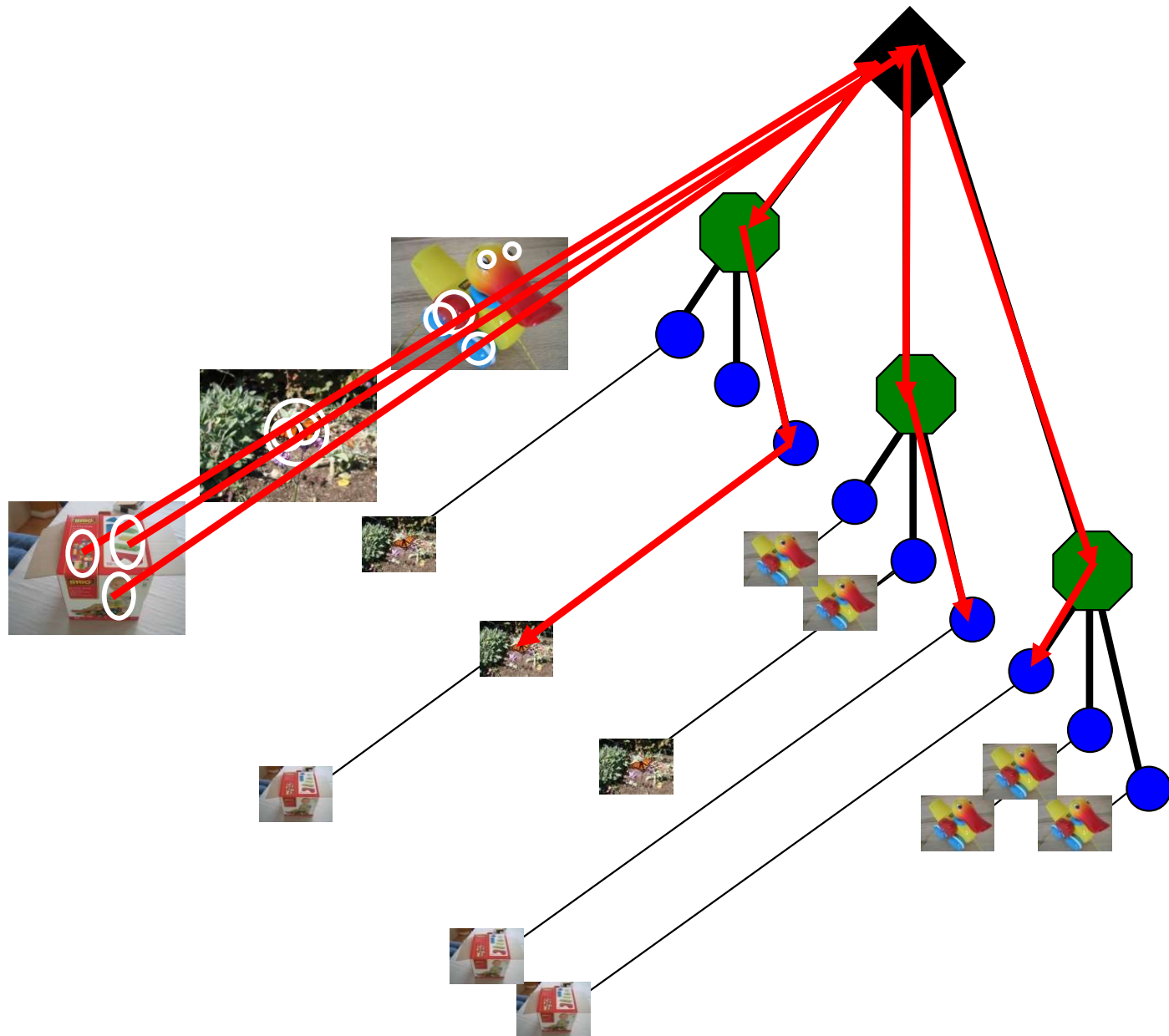


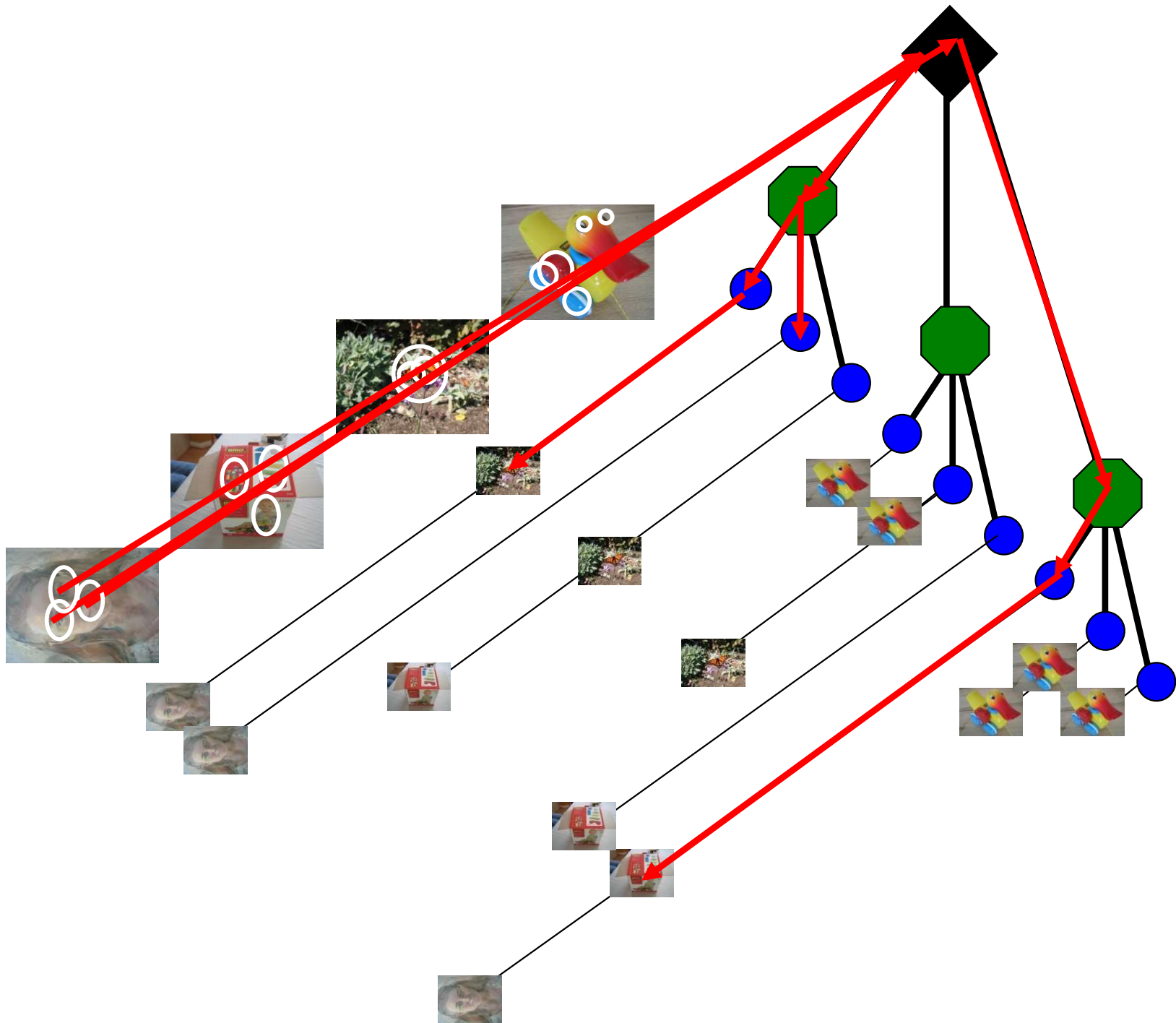


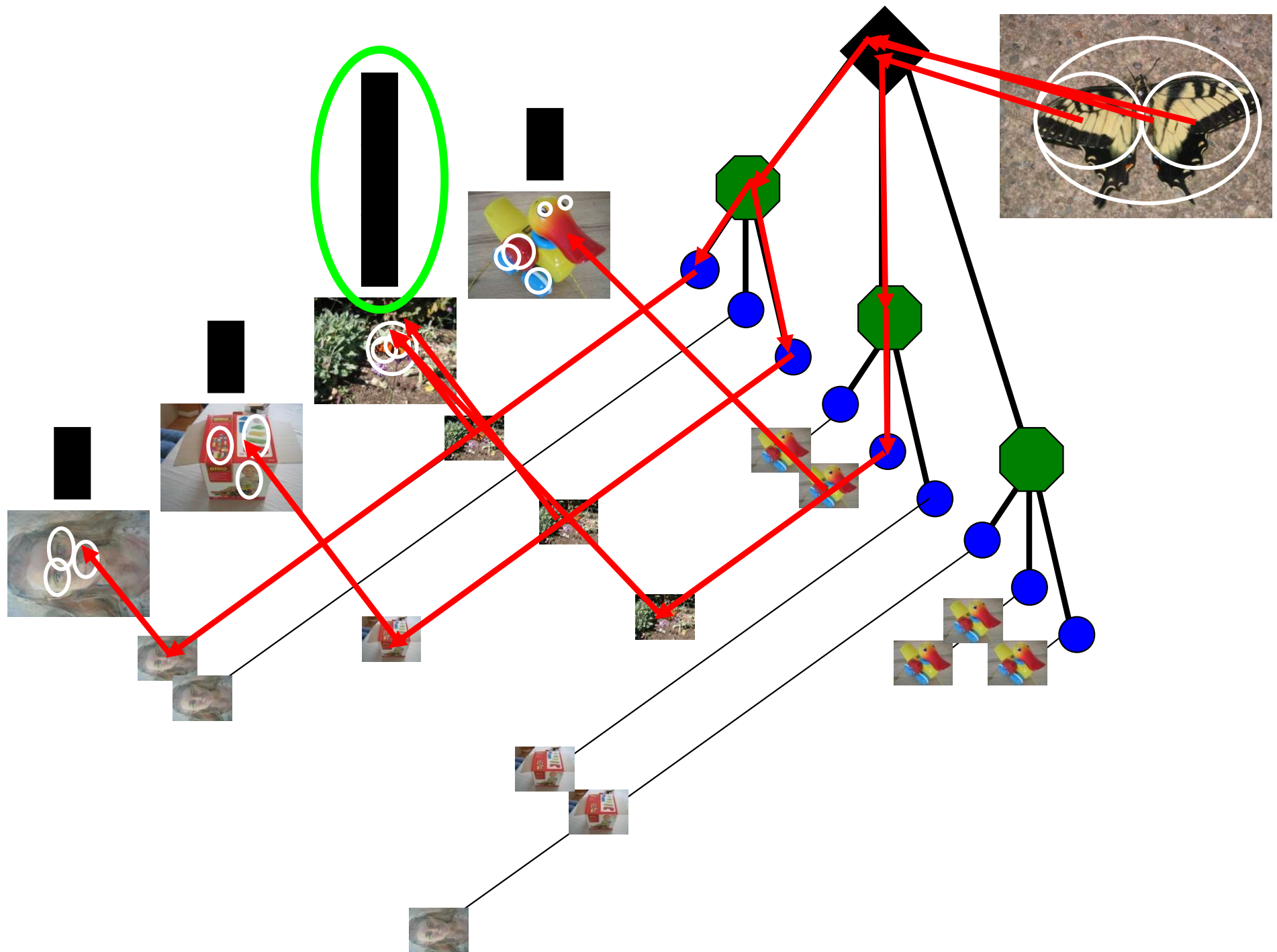




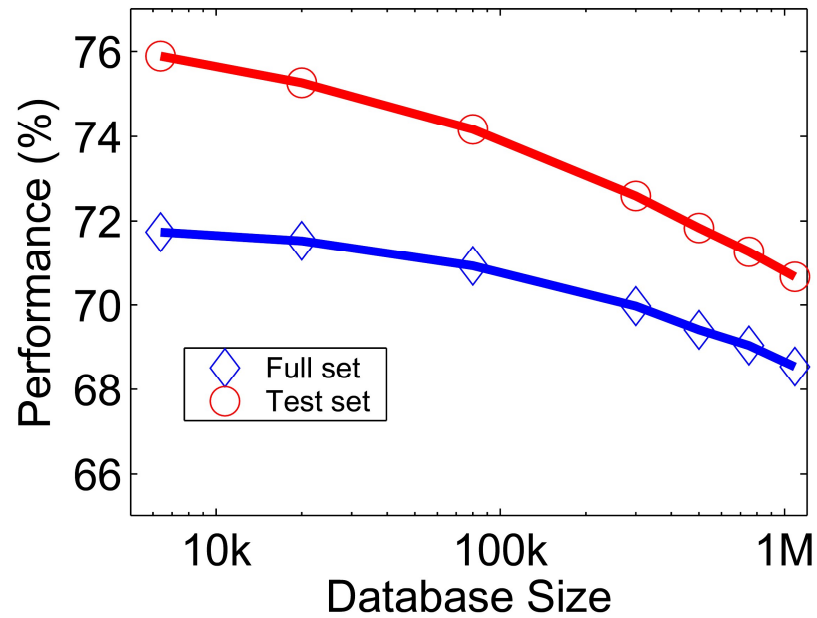








Performance



ImageSearch at the VizCentre

New query:

File is 500x320



Top n results of your query.



bourne/im1000043322.pgm bourne/im1000043323.pgm bourne/im1000043326.pgm bourne/im1000043327.pgm

