# CSE 3318 Lab Assignment 1

## Due September 21

## Goal:

Application of binary searches to determine (in a logarithmic number of steps) which element in a pair of monotonically increasing (i.e. non-decreasing) sequences has a particular rank.

## Requirements:

1. a.  Write a C program to read two ordered integer input sequences and then a sequence of ranks (queries). For each rank you should trace the binary search (one line per "probe") and then *indicate which element of which sequence has the desired rank*. The first line of the input file will give m, n, and p where m is the number of elements in the first sequence, n is the number of elements in the second sequence, and p is the number of ranks (queries) for which binary searches will be performed. The integer input sequence elements will be in the range 0 . . . 999,999, inclusive. The ranks will be in the range 1 . . . m + n.

   b.  The output line for each $\Theta(1)$ time probe should include the values of low, high, i, and j. (Note that i serves the role of "mid" for the binary searches.). You may also include other debugging information, such as the result of the probe.

2. Submit your C program on Canvas by 5:00 pm on September 21. Comments at the beginning of the source file should include: your name, your ID number, and the command used to compile your code on Omega (5 point penalty for non-compliance).

## Getting Started:

1. Your program should read the input files via Linux shell redirection (e.g. a.out < lab1.dat on omega.uta.edu, https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Standard_streams). Do NOT prompt for file names! You should dynamically allocate tables for storing the input. To simplify the binary search code, it is recommended that the first sequence be stored in subscripts 1 . . . m of its table (a) and that subscripts 0 and m + 1 store "low" and "high" sentinel values, respectively. The second sequence (b) would be stored similarly.

2. The ***rank*** of an element in one of the two sequences is the index of the position that it would occupy if the two sequences were merged into one monotonically increasing sequence (starting at subscript 1 of the output sequence). Should equal-valued elements appear, those in the first sequence are copied to the output *before* those in the second sequence. The following (linear-time) code will compute (and store) the ranks for all elements if stored as suggested in (1.):

```
void ranksByMerge()
{
  int i,j,k;

  i=j=k=1;
  while (i<=m && j<=n)
    if (a[i]<=b[j])
      aRank[i++]=k++;
    else
      bRank[j++]=k++;
  while (i<=m)
    aRank[i++]=k++;
  while (j<=n)
    bRank[j++]=k++;
}
```

These tables of ranks will allow testing your code in an exhaustive fashion, e.g. for all ranks in the range 1 . . . m + n. The aRank and bRank tables should NOT be computed in the version you submit.

3. For a given `rank`, the corresponding element could be in either of the two input sequences. If stored as suggested in (1.), the following (symmetric) observations allow a binary search to be used:

   a. If the corresponding element is at `a[i]`, then there must be an index `j` such that all of the following hold:

      1. `i + j == rank`,
      2. `b[j] < a[i]`, and
      3. `a[i] <= b[j+1]`

   b. If the corresponding element is at `b[j]`, then there must be an index `i` such that all of the following hold:

      1. `i + j == rank`,
      2. `a[i] <= b[j]`, and
      3. `b[j] < a[i+1]`

   So, a probe consists of: a) compute `i` as the middle of the search range of the first table, b) determine whether 3.a.2 or 3.b.2 applies, and c) determine whether the desired element has been found or make an appropriate adjustment in the search range. (Technically, there is also a search range for the second table that follows from the `i + j == rank` notion.)

4. Be careful in initializing the search range of the first table (e.g. `low` and `high`). Otherwise, slots outside of the tables could be referenced (leading to a segmentation fault).

5. Recursion should not be used.

| i | a[i] | aRank[i] | j | b[j] | bRank[j] |
|---|------|----------|---|------|----------|
| 0 | -99999999 | 0 | 0 | -99999999 | 0 |
| 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 6 |
| 3 | 1 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 8 |
| 4 | 1 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 9 |
| 5 | 2 | 7 | 5 | 4 | 10 |
| 6 | 5 | 12 | 6 | 4 | 11 |
| 7 | 6 | 14 | 7 | 5 | 13 |
| 8 | 8 | 17 | 8 | 6 | 15 |
| 9 | 8 | 18 | 9 | 7 | 16 |
| 10 | 9 | 22 | 10 | 8 | 19 |
| 11 | 99999999 | 0 | 11 | 8 | 20 |
|  |  |  | 12 | 8 | 21 |
|  |  |  | 13 | 9 | 23 |
|  |  |  | 14 | 9 | 24 |
|  |  |  | 15 | 9 | 25 |
|  |  |  | 16 | 99999999 | 0 |